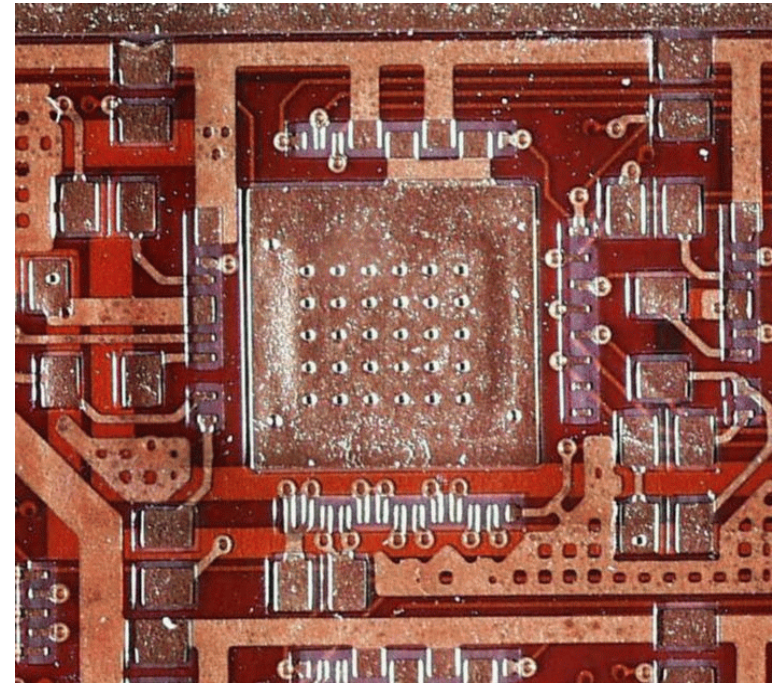


# The status of the Pre-Processor Multi-Chip Module

W. Hinderer, Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Universität Heidelberg, Germany

- status of the MCM
- status of the preparation for the MCM-test
- introduction to the adapter board
- possible ASIC-test

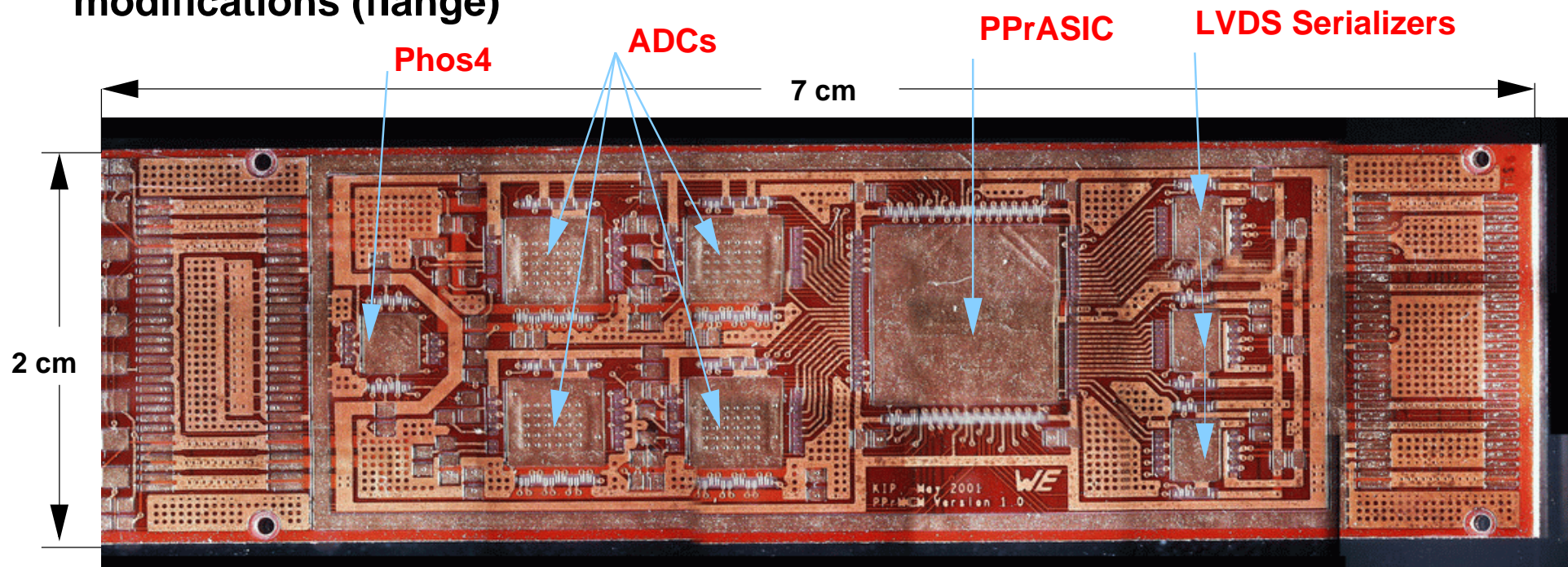


detail of the MCM substrate

# Final Multi-Chip Module

RAL, 8–10 November 2001

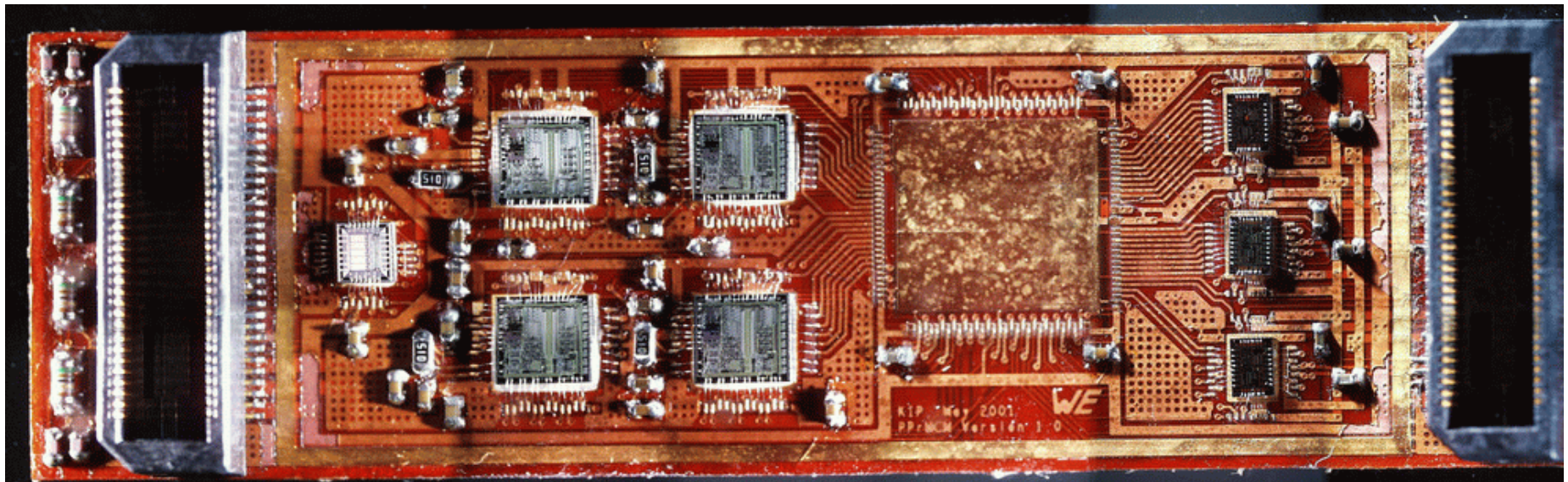
- pre-series of 6 Multi-Chip Modules was manufactured by Würth Elektronik
- 3 Multi-Chip Modules were partly assembled by hand in our ASIC-Lab
- 2 substrates (with components to be mounted) were sent to Hasec for evaluation
- Hasec will do test soldering, bonding shouldn't be a problem
- our mechanical workshop made some lids, Hasec wants to have some modifications (flange)

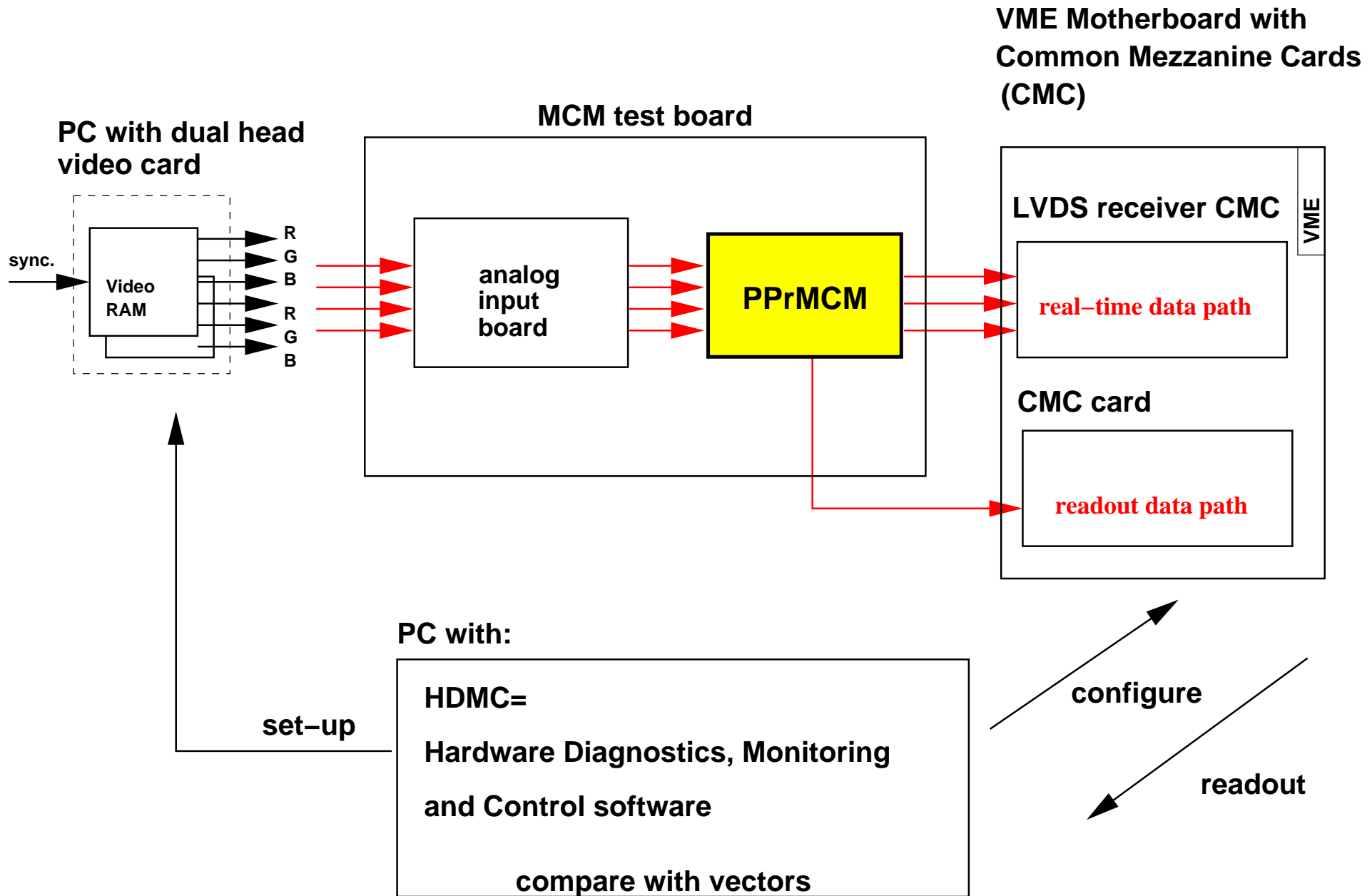




- DC power test done with all three partly assembled MCMs: currents matched the theoretical values
- one ADC of one MCM had a shortcut, after removing the wire bonds from the defective chip the shortcut was eliminated, defective chip has to be replaced
- footprint of the LVDS Serializer designed for 40–60 MHz operation fits the footprint of the LVDS Serializer currently in use

## Partly Assembled:



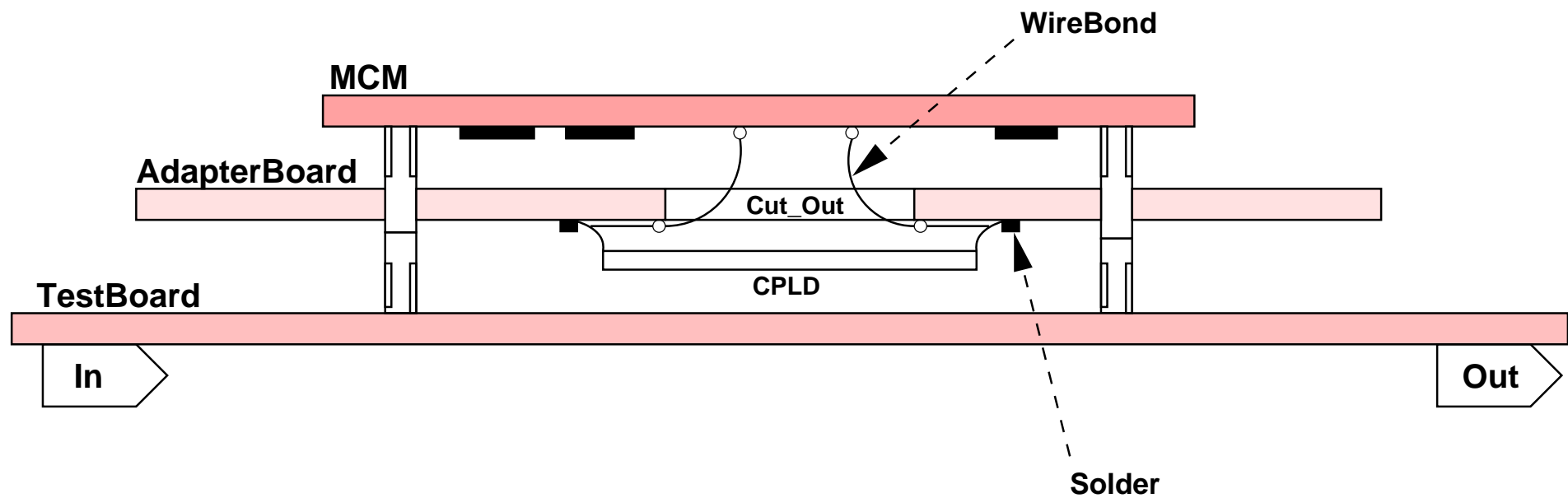


- the circuit design has been finalized
- necessary parts have been added to the libraries
- started to implement the circuit into the schematic editor "concept"

## Some features of the test board:

- a PLL in conjunction with a frequency divider (implemented into a CPLD) in order to generate a 40 MHz clock out of the horizontal frequency from the video card
- separated power for the MCM to be tested and the rest of the board
- five voltage regulators, in case of the MCM two voltage regulators with adjustable current limit are used
- the current consumption of the MCM is monitored by ADCs which have a 2–wire serial interface (I2C compatible)
- the single–line signals coming from the video cards are converted to differential signals by differential line drivers
- all MCM signals leaving or entering the test board are transmitted differentially (differential line drivers / receivers are used)

## Test of the MCM without the PPrASIC-Die

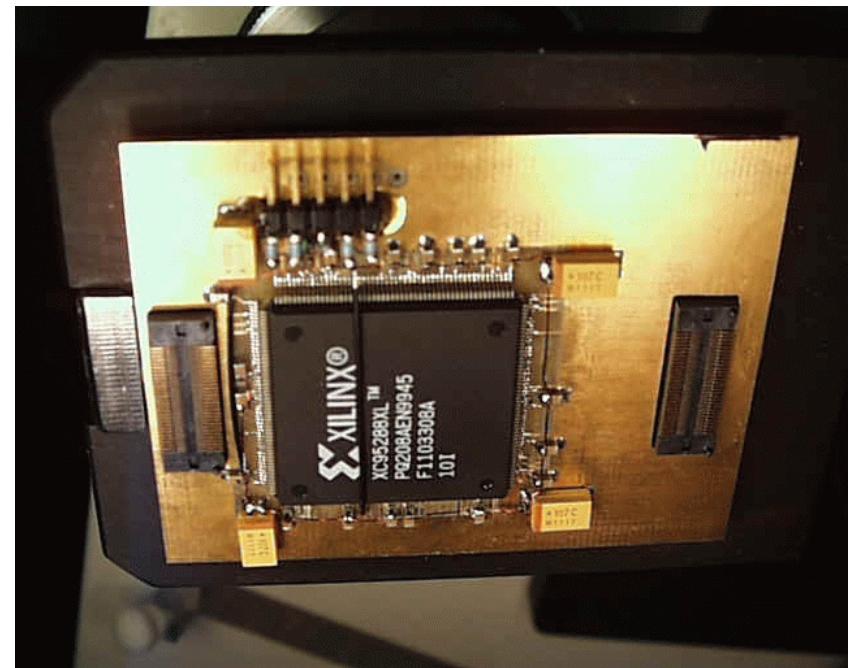
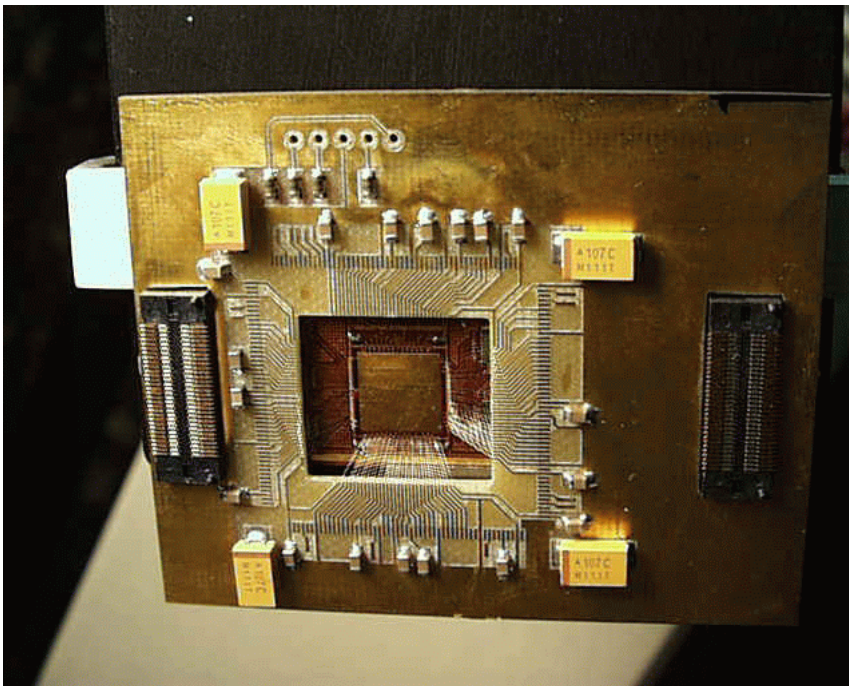




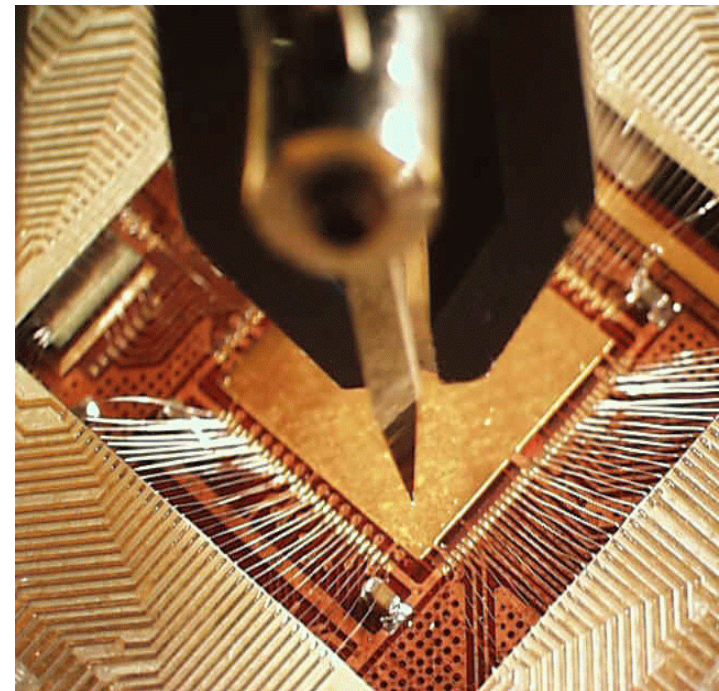
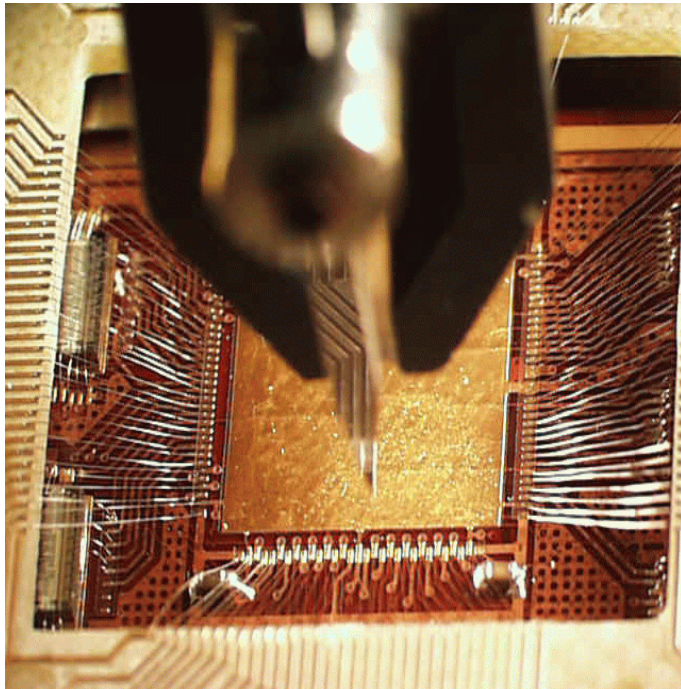
# Adapter Board (1)

RAL, 8–10 November 2001

## Test of the MCM without the PPrASIC-Die

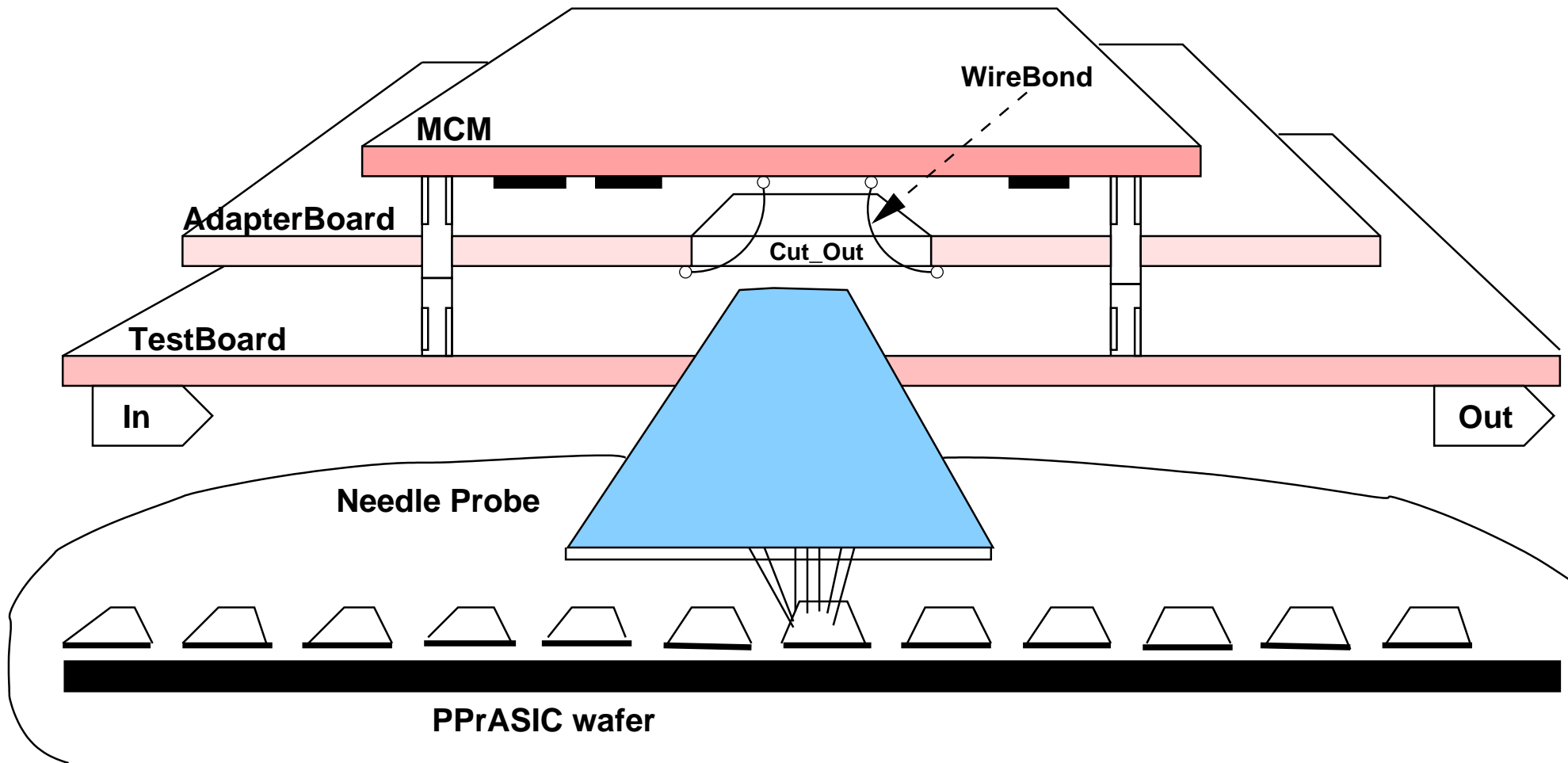


## Test of the MCM without the PPrASIC-Die

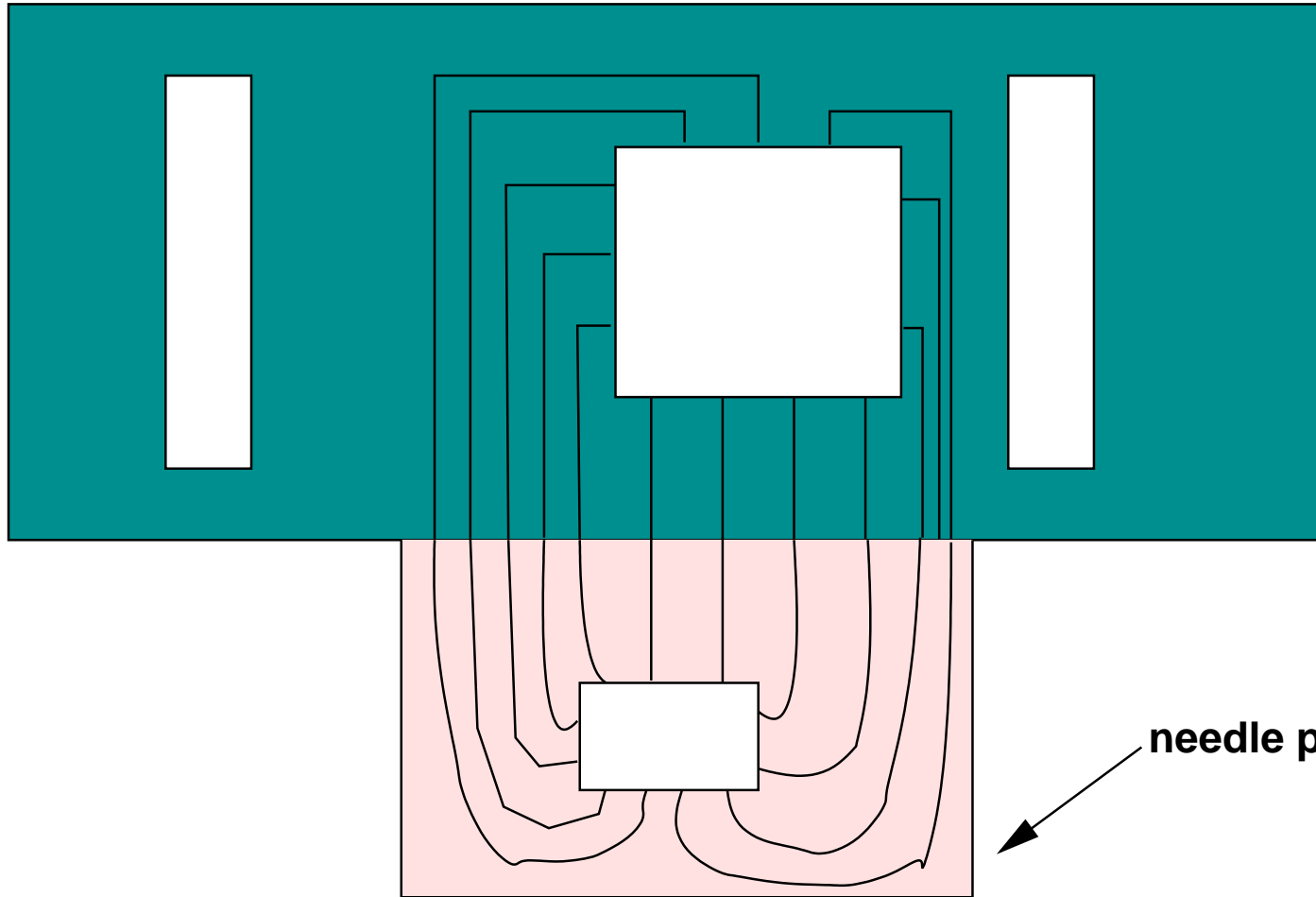




## Possible "functional" wafer-test of PPrASIC-Dies



adapter board



needle probe card

- no serious problems for the mass production of the MCMs occurred**
- all necessary hardware for the MCM–test is now under construction**
- with the help of the adapter board, first MCM tests are possible  
(with or without the ASIC)**
- a functional ASIC test was introduced**