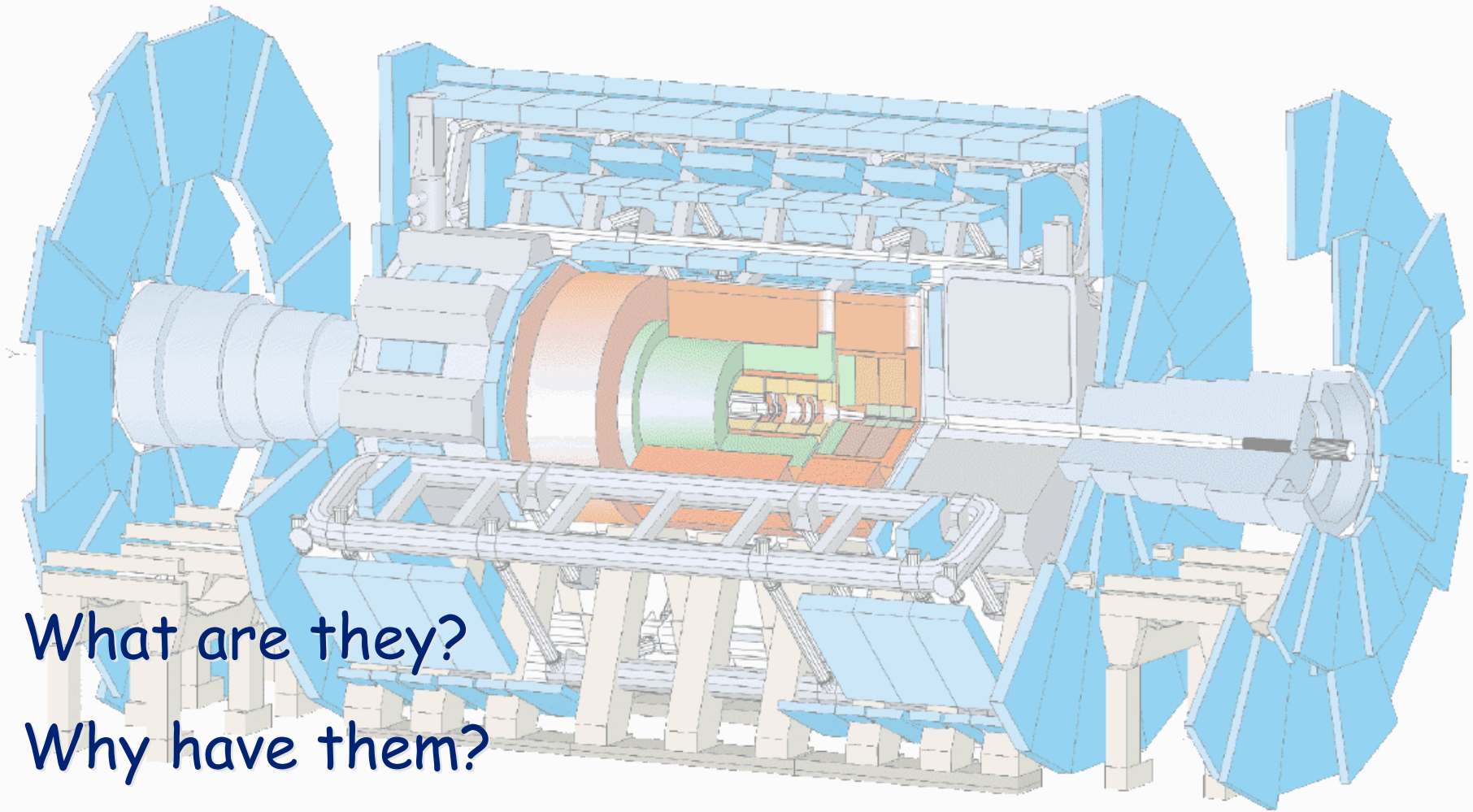


Secondary RoIs



What are they?

Why have them?

Is our current design optimal?

Alan Watson (Birmingham)

Level-1 Meeting, RAL, 18 June 2002



What is a "secondary RoI"?

Any RoI not involved in trigger decision

- $2E15I \square$ both e/\square RoIs "primary"
- $1MU6 + 1E15I \square$ e/\square RoI would be "secondary"

An RoI may be **necessarily** secondary:

- Low- E_T object (probably unisolated)
- **Not used anywhere** in CTP trigger menu
- May be used to guide **additional** selection in Level-2
 - use secondary e/\square or jet RoI to guide LVL2 B triggers
 - use secondary e/\square to ensure full readout of $H \square 4e$ at high lumi (where may prescale $Z \square ee$)



Current Implementation

Nothing Special

- Just set desired thresholds
- Will send multiplicity to CTP (which will ignore it)
- Our electronics makes no distinction between "primary" and "secondary" selections

Is there a problem?

- Would use 1/8 of our thresholds & Calo \square CTP bandwidth
- Not a problem provided have spare capacity
- May be tension between this and other trigger menu

demands



Is there an alternative?

Yes, in principle

- add an **extra** e/σ & σ/h threshold
 - cluster E_T only, no isolation?
- **do not** output "hits" to CTP
 - those 48 (16×3) bits are a finite resource
- these additional thresholds **only** generate RoIs
- no longer have "spare" bits in RoI word format
 - would we have to lengthen the RoI word?
 - could we encode it somewhere (e.g. in 4-bit "RoI type")?

Is it possible?

- Well, it wouldn't require any hardware changes...



Summary

The issue is "necessarily secondary" RoIs

- some RoIs types may be primary or secondary in different events

Our current design can accommodate these

- by treating them as any other selections

There is some inefficiency

- "wastes" 6/48 of the bits we send to the CTP

There could be an alternative

- which we can use if we need it
- hard to assess need at present (but will most likely be



Triggering on "mini black holes"

Is it difficult?

- Shouldn't be:
 - large production cross-sections
 - high-multiplicity (> 4), very-high p_T decay products
 - flavour-blind decays \square high lepton:hadron ratio

Can we do it?

- Erm, yes
 - the trick is to design a trigger menu which would miss these!

Is it important?

- Probably not...