

Physics

- ❑ brief look at software for physics simulation
- ❑ updates on selected Higgs physics channels

❑ brief look at software for physics simulation

Generation	Detector Simulation		Digitization	Analysis
MC Physics generators (see next slide)	FAST	CMSJET* (fortran)		
		FAMOS** (c++)	ORCA	ORCA
	FULL	CMSIM* (G3, fortran)	ORCA6 (Obj. DB)	ORCA6 (Obj. DB)
		OSCAR** (G4, c++)	ORCA7 (root)	ORCA7(root)

* fast and full CMS fortran simulation packages are used since ~ 8 year in CMS

** under development, not ready yet. OSCAR2 should be ready by June.

It is supposed to be just one (c++) way in sometime :

Generation -> FAMOS / OSCAR -> ORCA

Tools used in CMS to generate physics at LHC

<http://cmsdoc.cern.ch/cms/generators/>

The screenshot shows the homepage of the "Event Generators for CMS" website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Home, Generators, Tools, and Help. Below the navigation bar is a banner with the CMS logo on the left and the text "Event Generators for CMS" in the center, with a small 3D model of a particle detector on the right. The main content area has a blue background with the text "Information and support for generators used in CMS" in pink. Below this, it says "Coordinators: [Albert de Roeck](#) and [Sergei Slabospitsky](#)".

general purposes generators

- [PYTHIA /Slabospitsky, Nikitenko/](#)
- [HERWIG /Moortgat/](#)
- [ISAJET /Abdullin/](#)
- [CompHEP /Ilyin/](#)
- [diffraction /de Roeck/](#)
- [heavy ions /Kodolova/](#)
- [MC Events Data Base /Doudko /](#)

dedicated generator(s)/package(s)

- [HDECAY, HQQ, VV2H, HIGLU, MadCUP](#)
- [TAUOLA](#)
- [Single Top](#)
- [TopReX](#)
- [generators for soft hadronic events](#)
- [SIMUB](#)
- [ALPGEN](#)

■ Workshop on MCs for the LHC, July 7 - Aug 2 2003, at CERN

Full detector simulation : from CMSIM (G3) to OSCAR (G4)

Detector Description Database written in XML will serve requests from simulation (OSCAR/FAMOS), reconstruction (ORCA) and visualization (IGUANA)



Basic Architecture



Application View

ORCA
(Recon)

OSCAR
(Full Sim)

FAMOS
(Fast Sim)

IGUANA
(Visual)

Common Data Model

Transient Object Model,
various services for CI

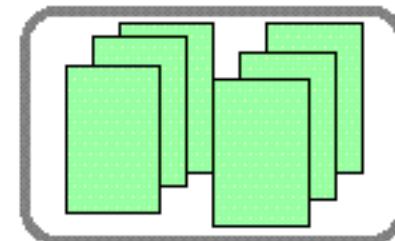
DDD Core

Mediator

Versioning,
Configuration

Converter

XML
DDL



CAD

TZ

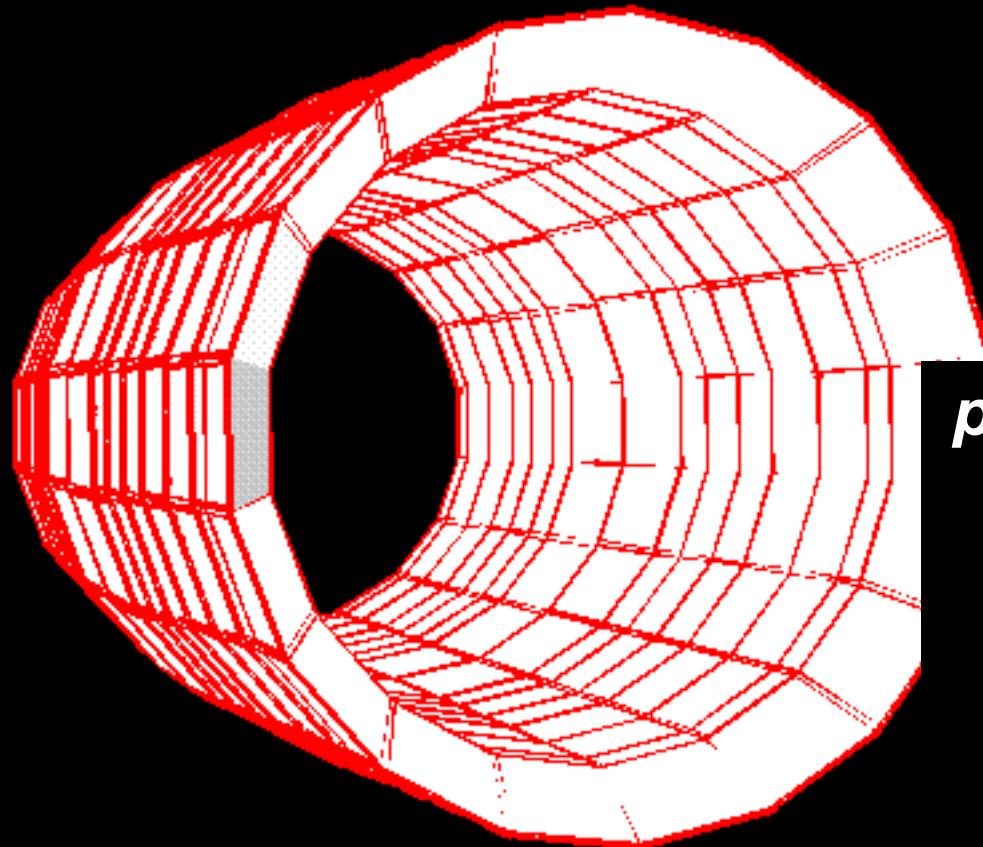
...

Conditions DB

... depends on

Description View

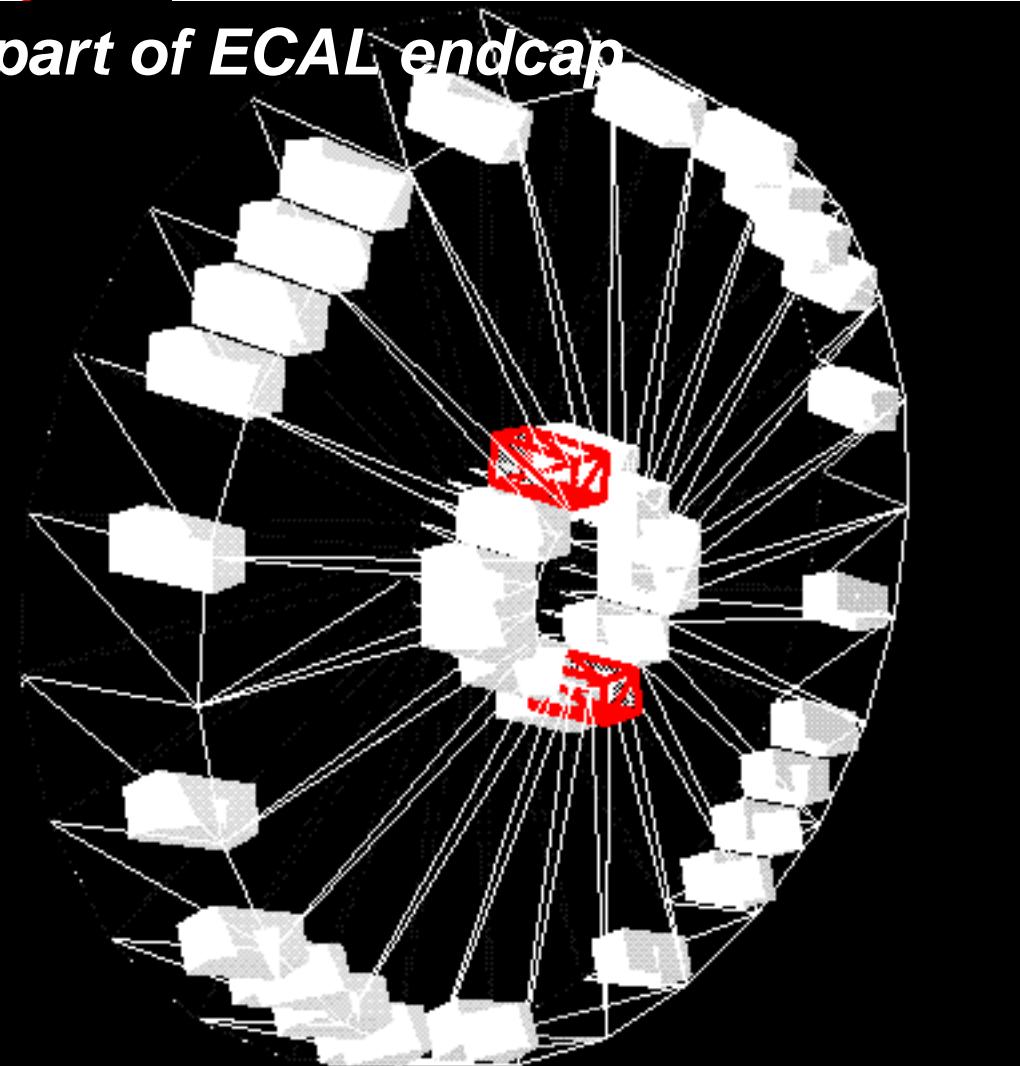
ECAL barrel



**CMS ECAL in OSCAR
(IGUANA visualization)**

*many thanks to general SW experts
helping to move cmsim ecal to oscar :
M.Stavrianakou, P. Arce, M. Liendl*

part of ECAL endcap



ECAL simulation geometry responsibles :

ECAL geometry : A. Nikitenko

EB - M.Lethuillier, J. Donini

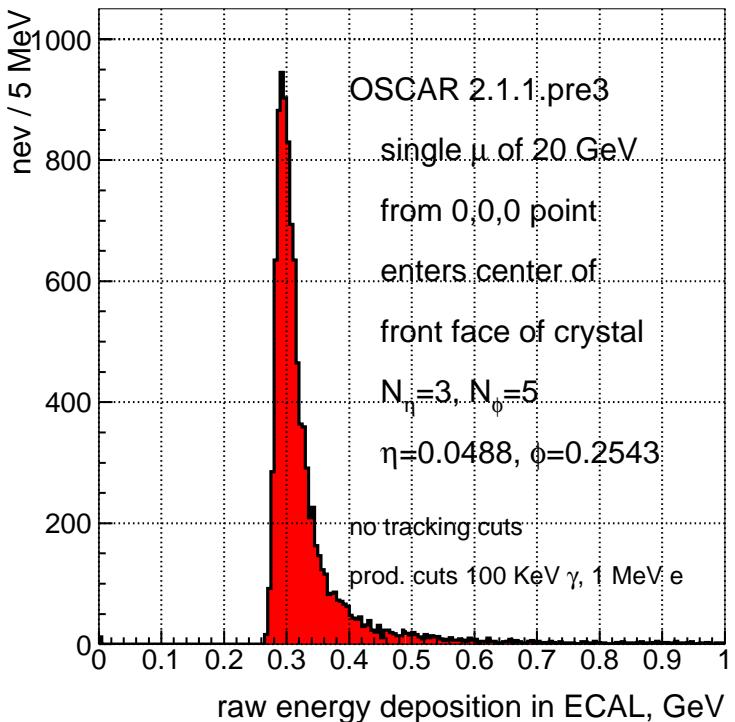
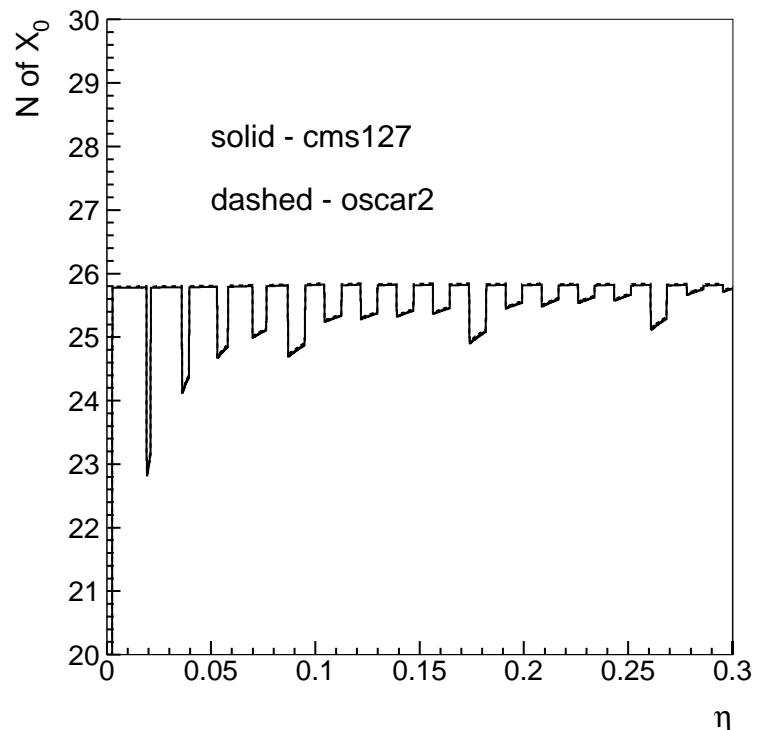
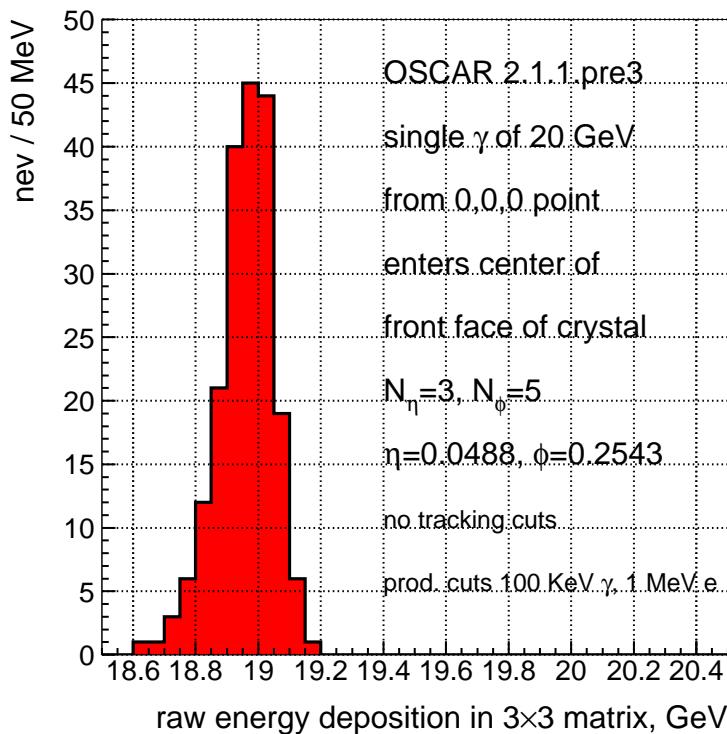
EE - B. Kennedy

Preshower - D. Barney

Work is going on verification of ecal geometry and e.m. physics within OSCAR_2

A.Nikitenko, K. Lassila, D. Holmes

*OSCAR_2 is planned to be
ready for mass production
for DC04 by June. We will
use OSCAR_2 to simulate
physics for Physics TDR*

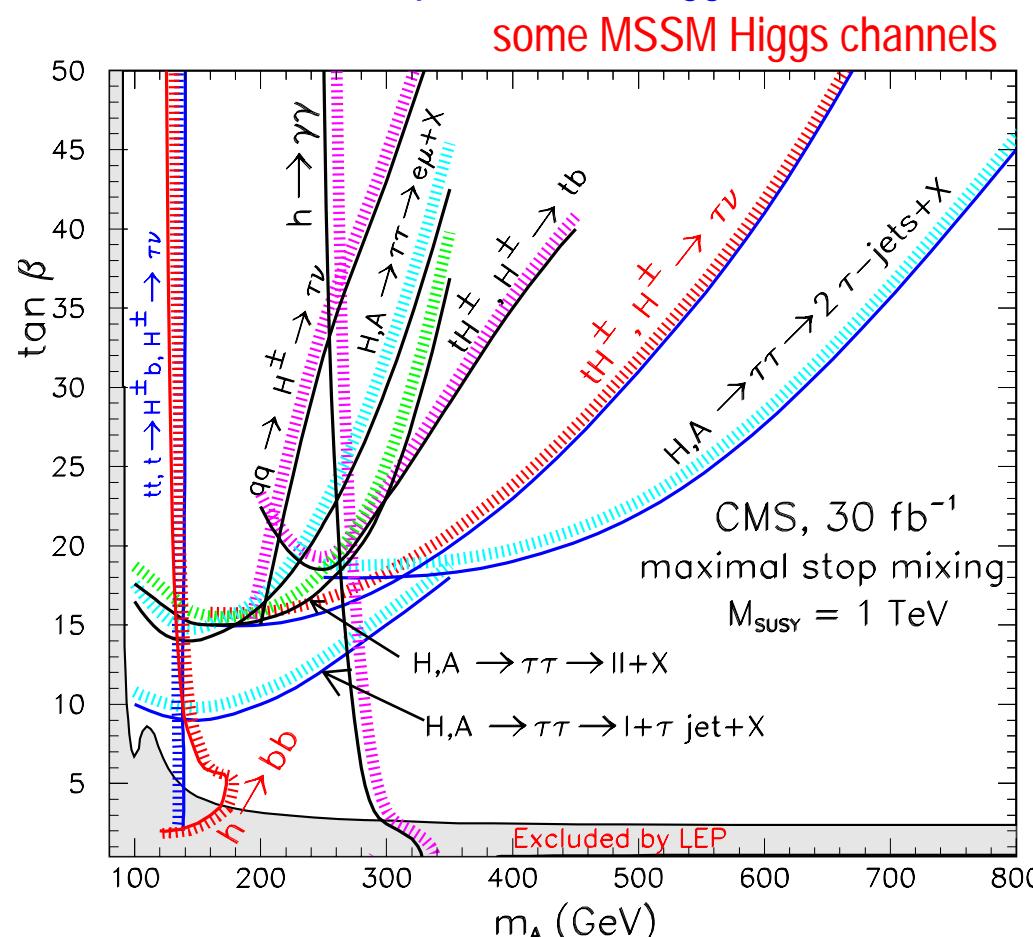
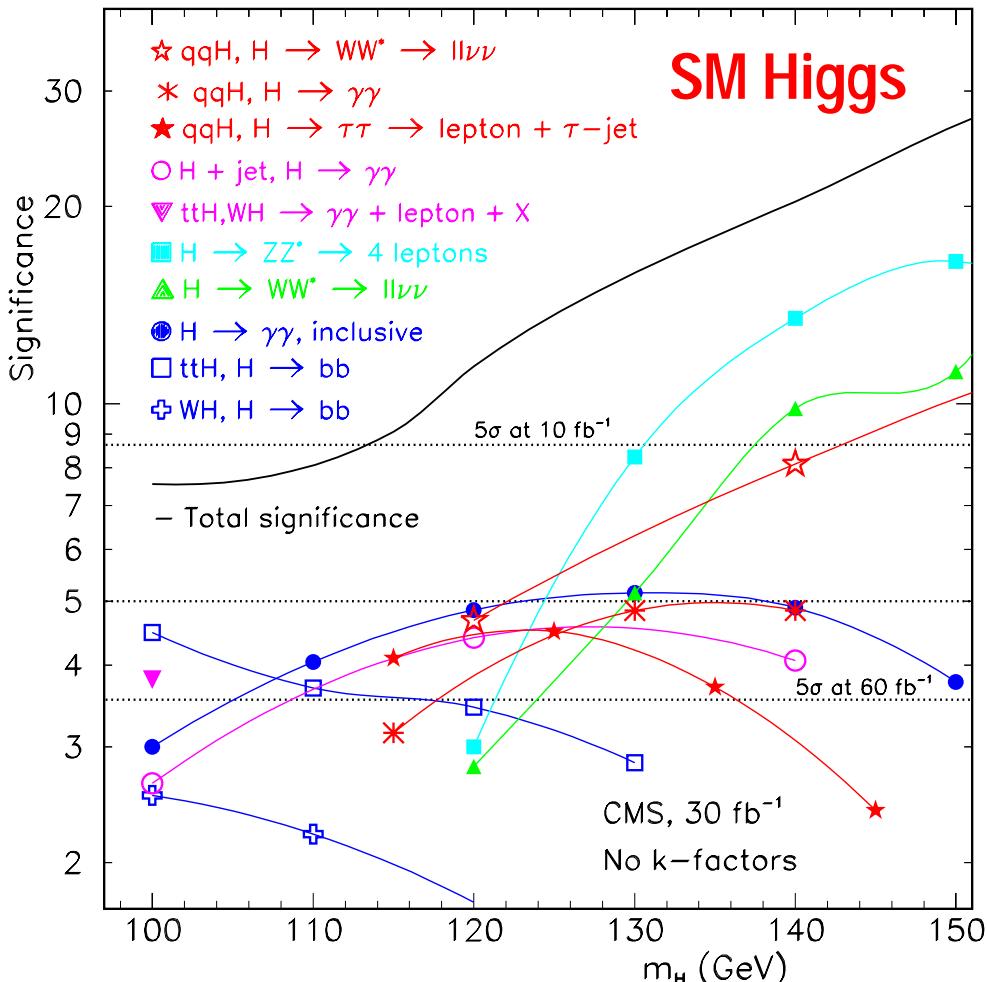


... start to talk about "Physics". I will talk about some Higgs physics in CMS ...

Current CMS plots for SM and MSSM Higgs discovery

produced by R. Kinnunen on the basis of old and current CMS studies. Some of curves will be updated as result of dedicated full simulation studies on the way towards CMS Physics TDR as well as result of more

theoretical development in the Higgs sector.



I will show recent (last year) results/updates/problems on detection of :

MSSM $gg \rightarrow bbA^0/H^0, A^0/H^0 \rightarrow 2\tau \rightarrow 2\text{jet}$

SM / MSSM $qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow 2\tau \rightarrow \text{lepton} + \text{jet}$

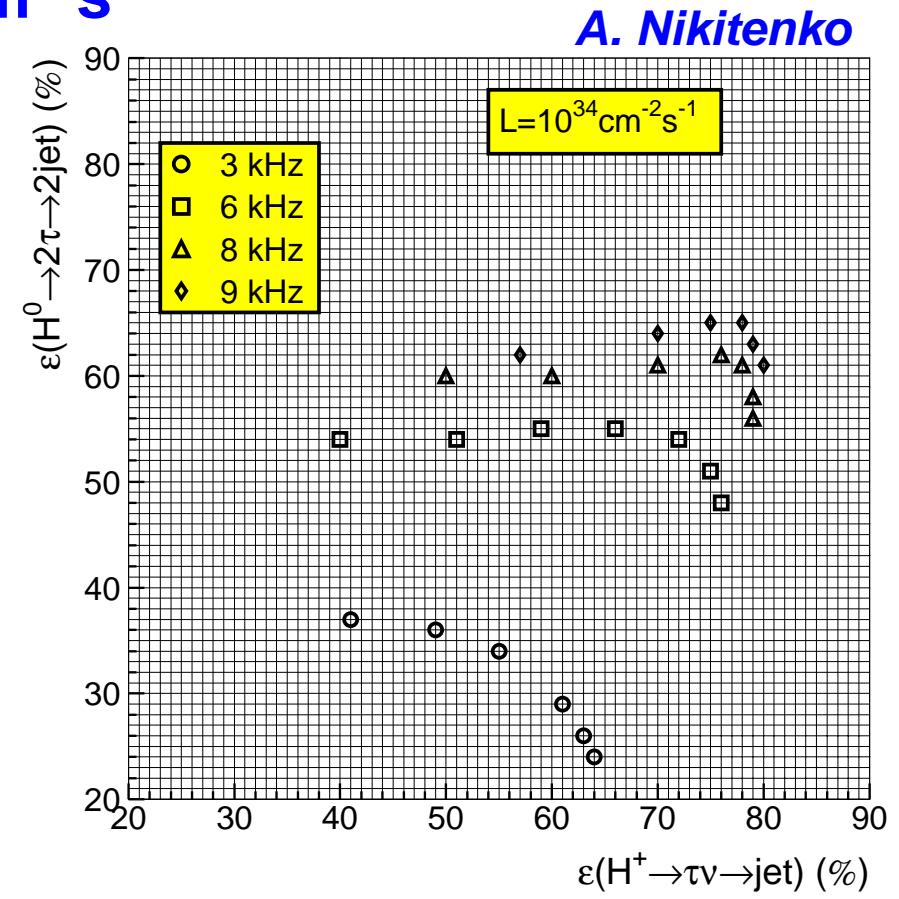
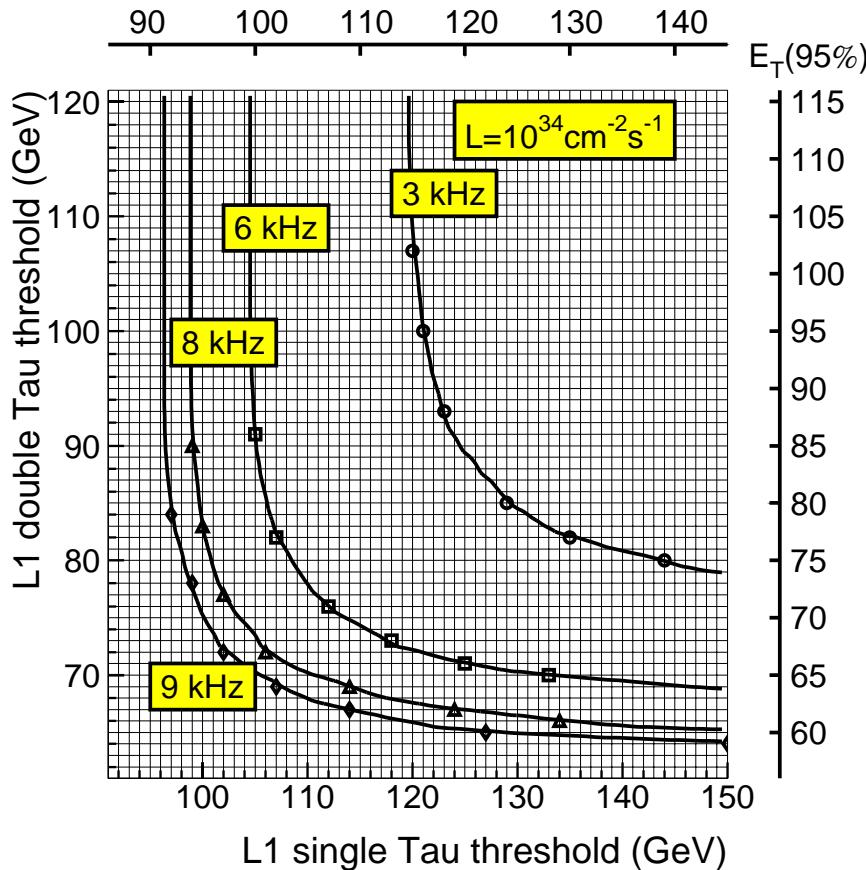
$qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow \text{invisible mode}$

**High $\tan(\beta)$ channels: $gg \rightarrow bbA^0/H^0$, $A^0/H^0 \rightarrow 2\tau \rightarrow 2$ jet,
 $gb \rightarrow tH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu$, $\tau \rightarrow \text{jet}$, $t \rightarrow bjj$**

τ lepton decays hadronically 65 % of time, producing a “ τ -jet”.

For DAQ TDR Level-1 Tau trigger has been optimized and High Level Trigger has been developed to select tau jets using ECAL and Pixel Detector only or regional tracking with the full Tracker.

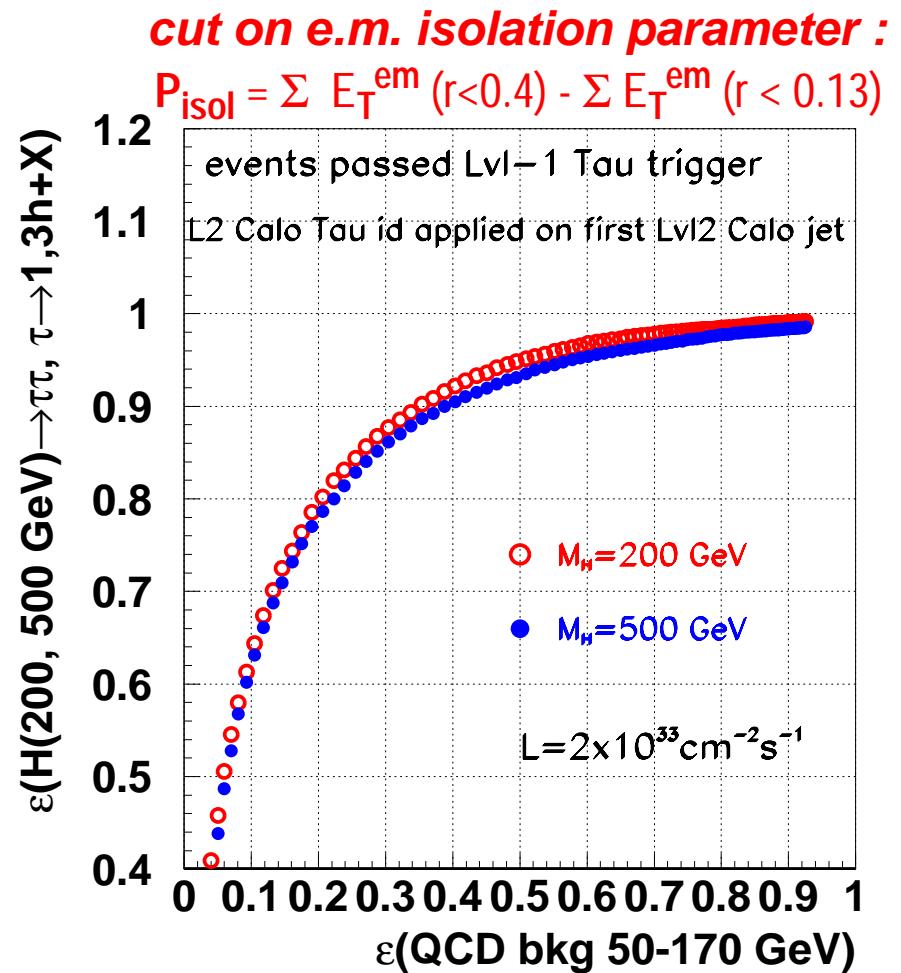
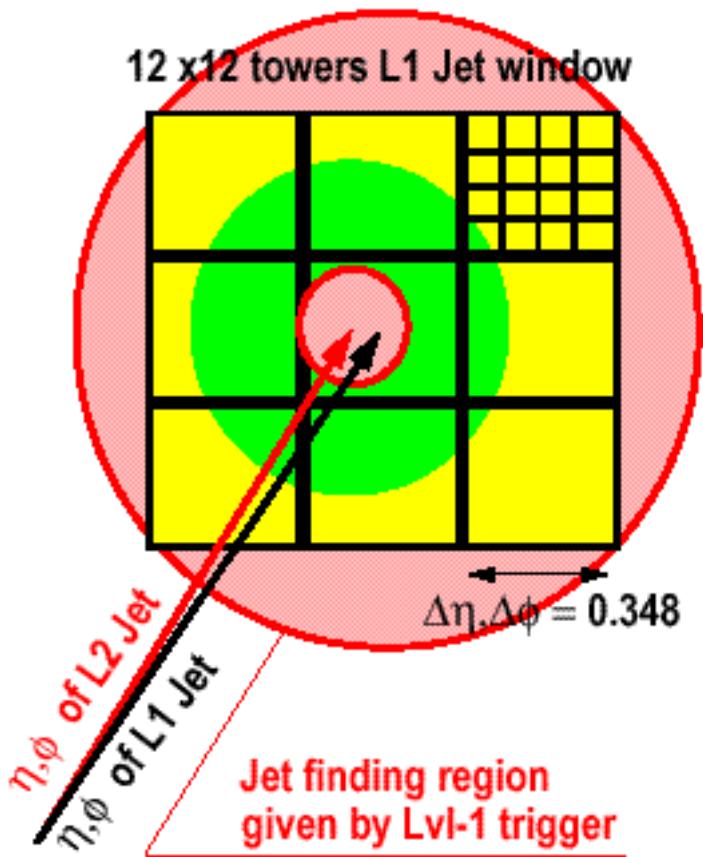
optimization of Level-1 1T vs 2T trigger thresholds at $L=10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$



A. Nikitenko

Level-2 calo jet as input for τ id with tracker : calo-based τ -jet id.

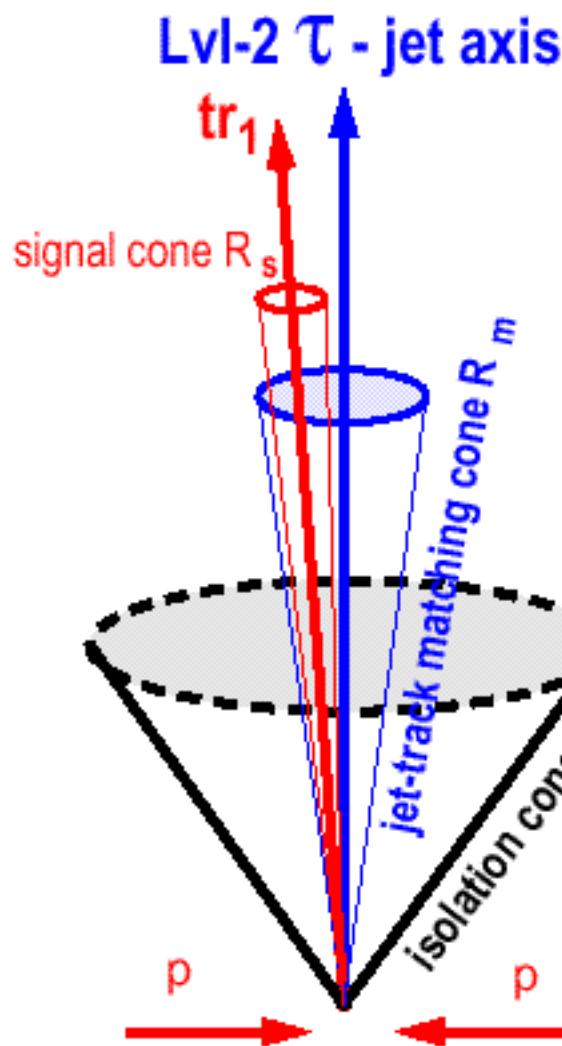
A. Nikitenko, S. Eno



Time at 1 GHz CPU for Calorimeter Tau identification		
time per step, ms / luminosity	$L = 2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$	$L = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
Calo Tower building	24 ms	39 ms
Regional jet finding + shape analysis	9 ms	15 ms
Total time	33 ms	54 ms



Tau identification at Lvl-3 with Pixels

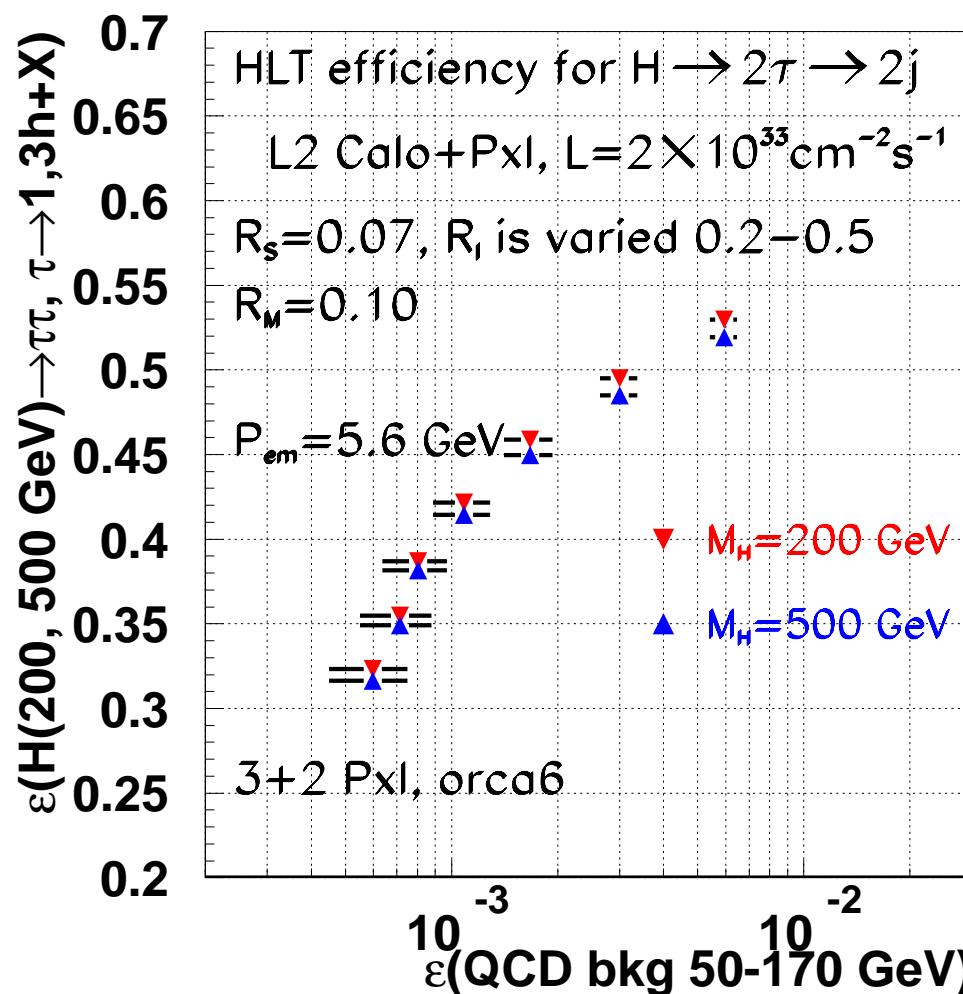


Algorithm steps

- ❑ reconstruct tracks $p_t > 1 \text{ GeV}$ with pixels only
resolution : $\sigma(p_t)/p_t = [3.6 + 1.7 p_t(\text{GeV})]\%$
- ❑ find primary vertices (histogramming method)
- ❑ find highest p_t track with good Lvl-2 jet matching
 $\Delta R(j - tr_1) < R_m$ (~ 0.1) , $p_t^{tr1} > p_t^m$ ($\sim 3 \text{ GeV}$),
 tr_1 defines signal primary vertex (PV)
- ❑ count number of tracks from PV in the isolation cone and signal cone :
 N_i tracks with $\Delta R(j - tr) < R_i$ (~ 0.3),
 N_s tracks with $\Delta R(tr_1 - tr) < R_s$ (~ 0.05),
 $p_t^{tr} > p_t^i$ ($\sim 1 \text{ GeV}$)
- ❑ accepts as τ if tracks found only in signal cone
 $N_s = N_i$

Calo + Pxl HLT path for $A^0/H^0 \rightarrow 2\tau$ -jet at $L=2 \times 10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

optimization of L2 Calo Tau suppression factor for HLT Calo+Pxl supression factor 1000									
L2 Calo Tau suppression factor S_{calo}	1	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.2	7.5	10
Cut off on em. isol., GeV	no cut	10.4	7.6	5.6	4.6	4.0	3.4	3.2	2.6
CPU (1 GHz) $T_{\text{calo}}+T_{\text{Pxl}} / S_{\text{calo}}$, ms	110	85	72	59	52	50	45	43	41
Calo+Pxl Tau id efficiency	0.35	0.37	0.40	0.41	0.40	0.39	0.37	0.36	0.35

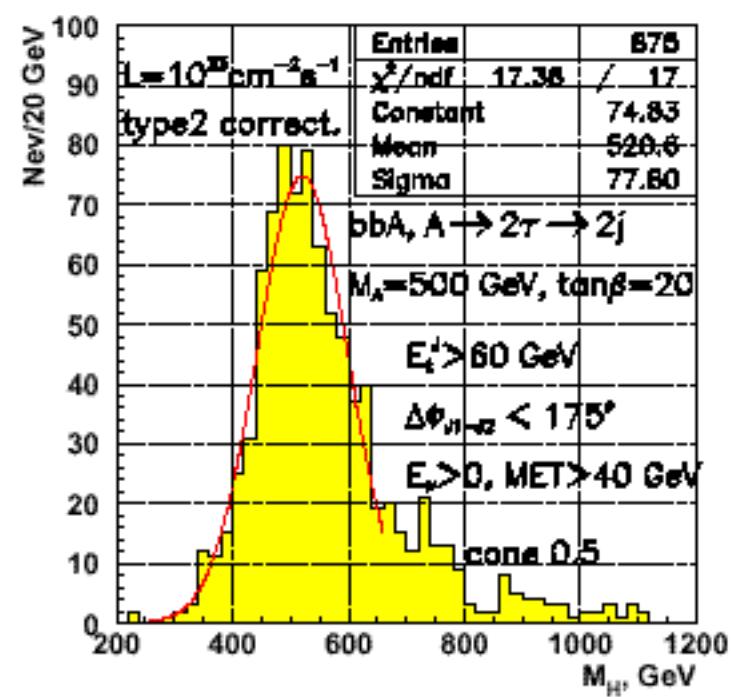
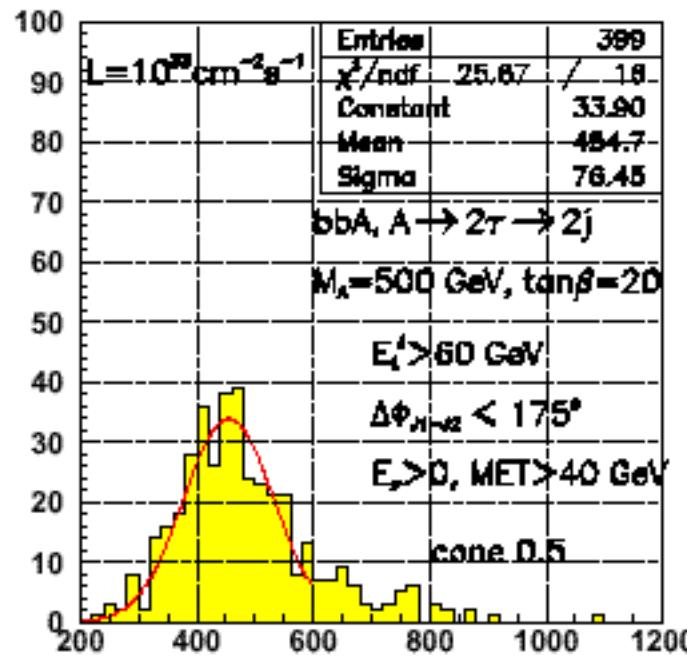


Some points of the off-line analysis . . .

Efficiency of mass reconstruction was suffering from the bad calorimeter missing E_T measurement. The method was developed to measure MET with calo jet energy corrections which increases efficiency by factor 2 !

A. Nikitenko, S. Kunori

Higgs mass in bbA, A \rightarrow 2 τ \rightarrow 2j with corrected MET

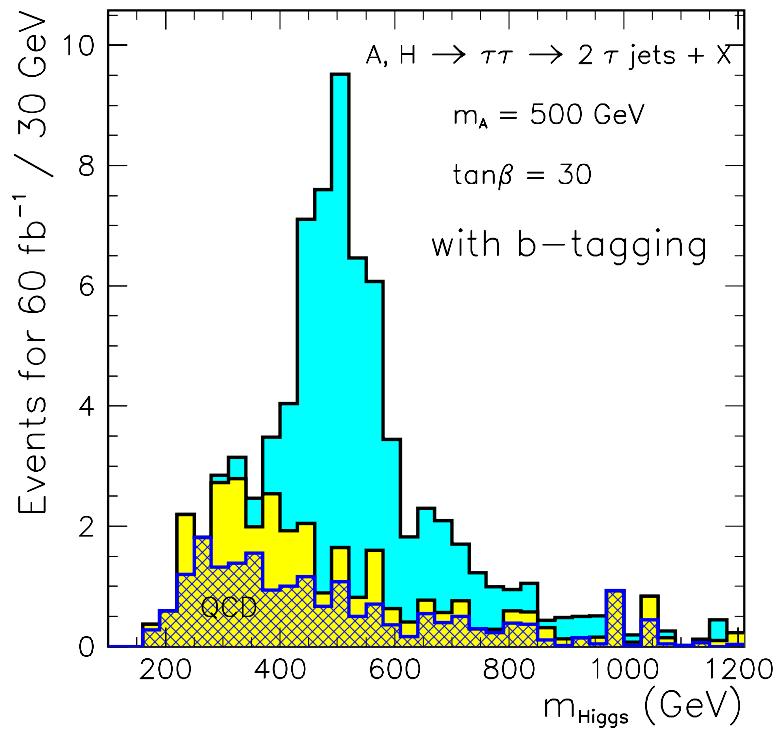


bbA, A \rightarrow 2 τ ->2j	no corrections	type1 corrections	type2 corrections	CMSJET
$\langle M_H \rangle$	455.0 GeV	510.0 GeV	521.0 GeV	500.0 GeV
$\sigma / \langle M_H \rangle$	16.8 %	16.4 %	14.9 %	13.8 %
ϵ_{reco}	0.17	0.31	0.36	0.34

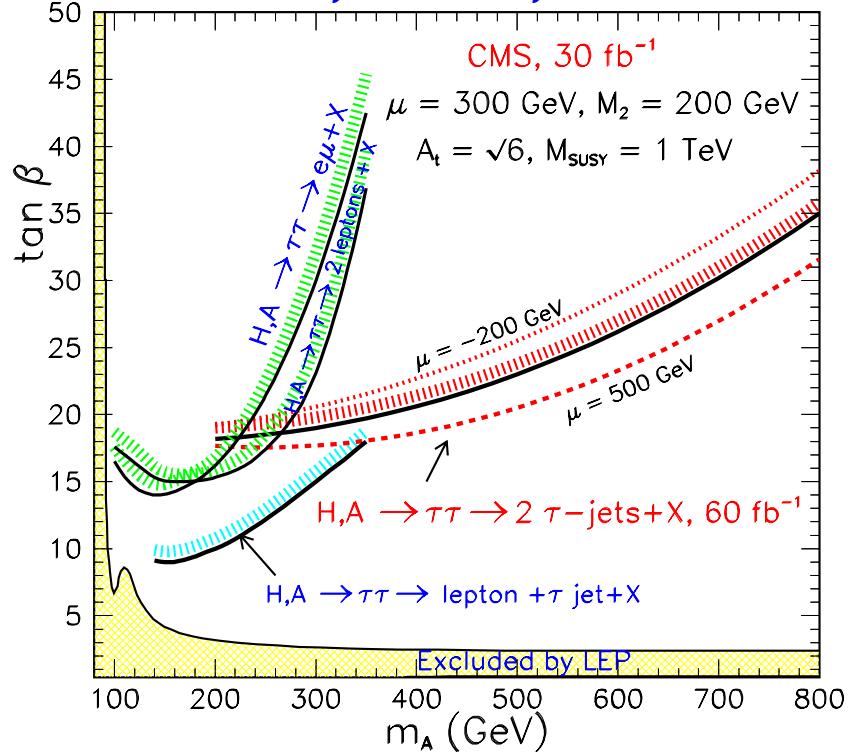
Some points of the off-line analysis . . .

off-line analysis uses b -tagging and τ tagging with impact parameter
it is done with cmsjet where ip resolution is taken from "full simulation".

current plots of discovery with MSSM $A^0/H^0 \rightarrow 2\tau$



R. Kinnunen, S. Lehti, A. Nikitenko

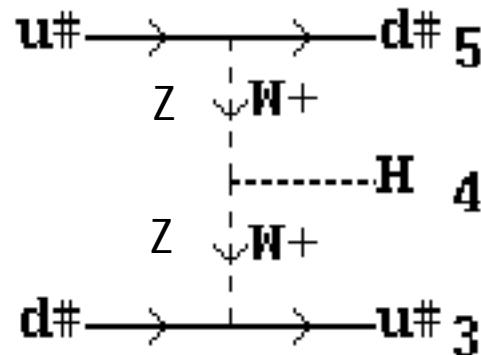


we will exploit τ polarization to reduce $t\bar{t}$ and QCD bkg (S. Moretti & D.P.Roy 2002)

**MSSM $A^0/H^0 \rightarrow 2\tau$ channels are included as responsibility of
Detector PRS b/tau group for Physics TDR analysis.**

We will do with full simulation another $H \rightarrow 2\tau$ channel : $qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow 2\tau$,
 $M_H < 150 \text{ GeV}$. next slides . . .

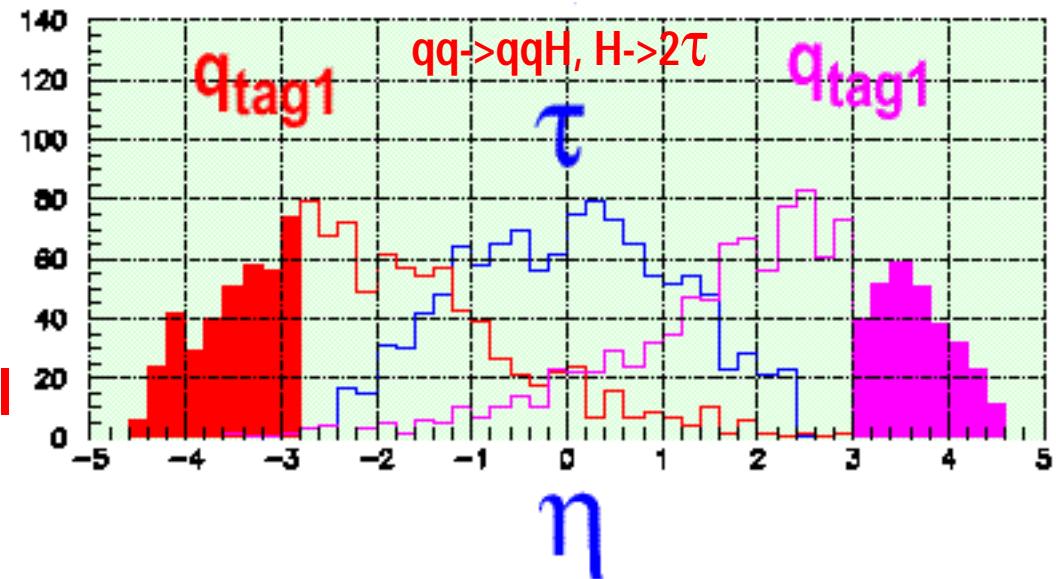
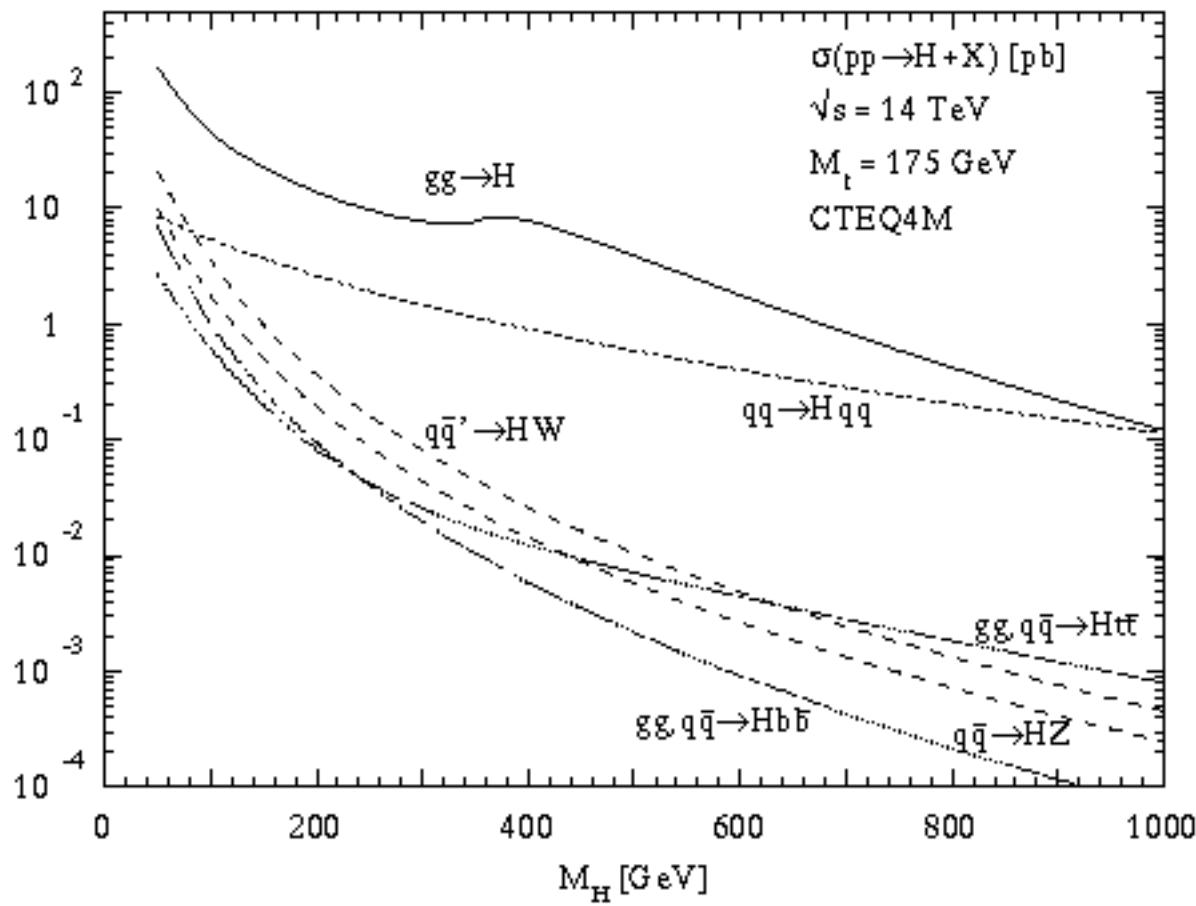
qq->qqH becomes the most “experimentally” studied channel.



- ❑ large enough rates
- ❑ forward jet tagging and mini-jet veto for low L
- ❑ central Higgs decay products to trigger
- ❑ not too big bkg, S/B ~ 1

D. Zeppenfeld and collaborators are discussing it since ~ 10 years

BUT detailed simulations/experimental analysis is needed !

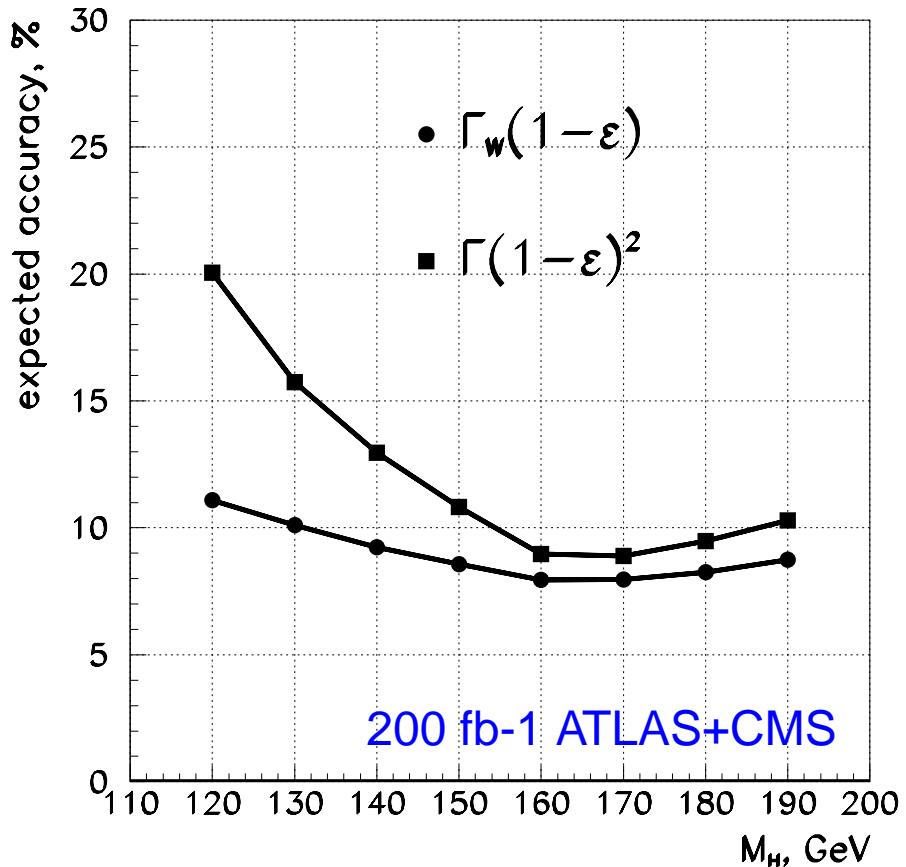


Observation of SM WBF Higgs channels :

$qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow 2\tau$, $M_H < 150$ GeV
 $qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow 2\gamma$, $M_H < 150$ GeV
 $qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow 2l\ 2\nu$, $M_H > 120$ GeV

together with gg->WW->2l 2ν, allows underect measurement of Higgs width :*

*D.Zeppenfeld, R. Kinnunen, A.Nikitenko,
E.Richter-Was . Phys.Rev.,D62(2000)*

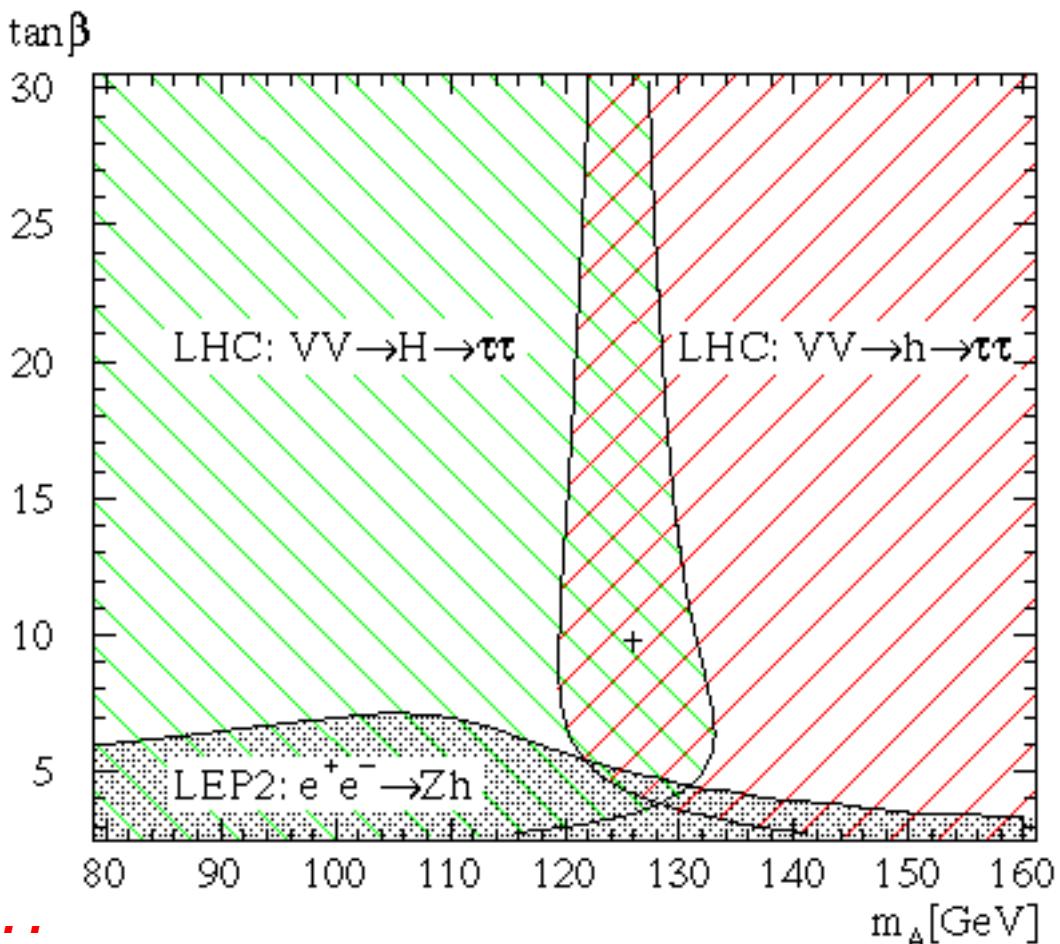


$qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow 2\tau$

implication for MSSM may be very promising if it is confirmed by CMS/ATLAS simulations !

*T. Plehn, D. Rainwater, D. Zeppenfeld
Phys. Rev., D61(2000)*

parton level analysis of l+jet & 2l final states; 100 fb⁻¹, maximal mixing



... also Higgs couplings together with ttH ...



S. Ilyin, A. Nikitenko, D. Zeppenfeld

SM qq->qqH, H -> 2 τ -> l + j

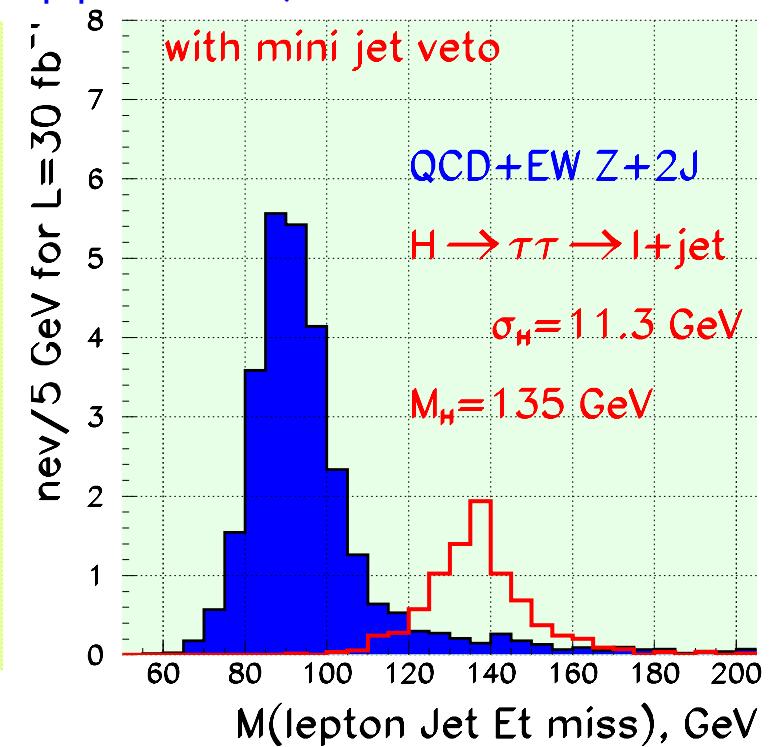
Preliminary results for low luminosity

fast cmsjet simulation. tau-id from full simulation

(Les Houches Higgs Working Group summary report hep-ph/0203056)

Data for 30 fb⁻¹ at low luminosity running

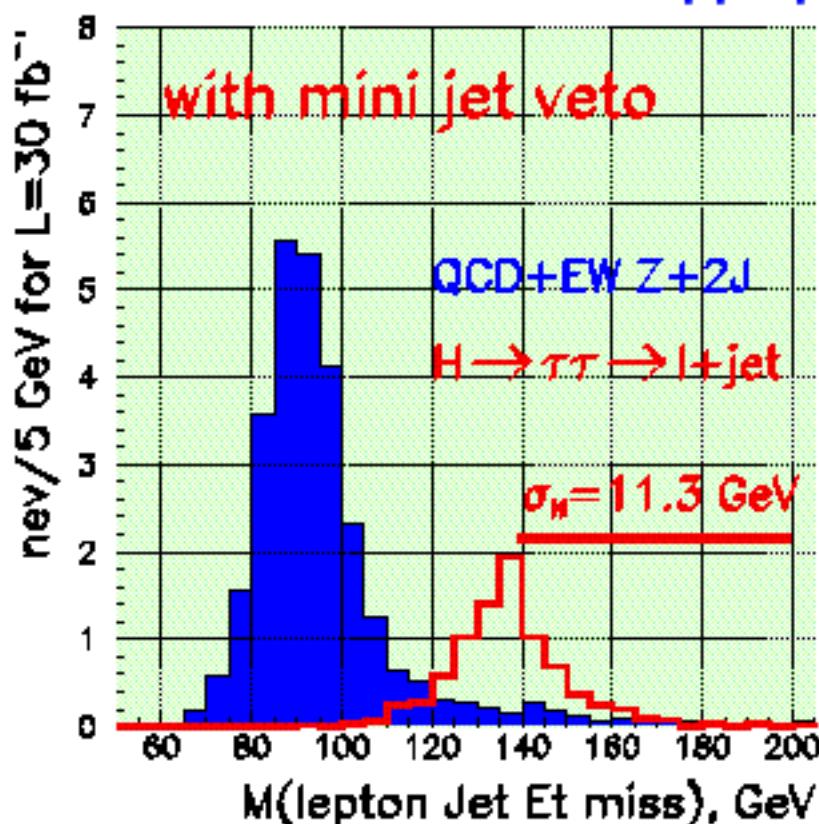
Mass, GeV	115	125	135	145
σ , pb	4.49	4.15	3.81	3.57
Br, %	7.2	6.1	4.5	2.6
S	12.6	9.9	6.7(6.2)	3.6
B	5.5	2.3	1.5(1.1)	1.1



confirm parton level estimates, but full simulations show problems which hopefully will be solved (next slides).

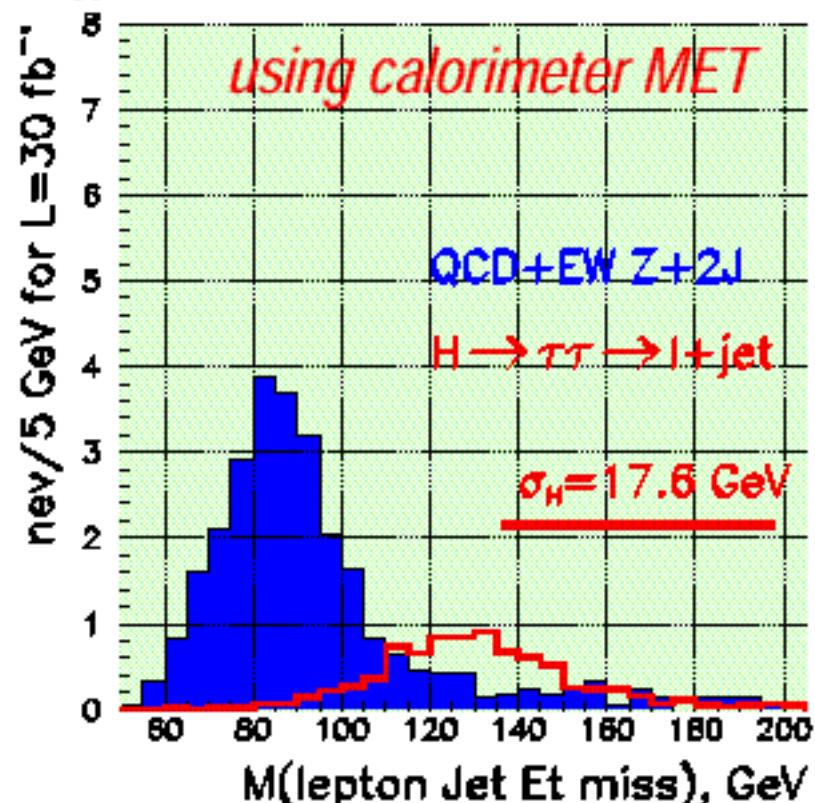
improve calo missing E_T : one of the most suffering Higgs channels is light Higgs in $qq \rightarrow qqH$, $H \rightarrow 2\tau \rightarrow lepton + jet$

CMSJET fast simulation



full simulation and OO/c++ reco

$qq \rightarrow qqH$, $M_H = 135 \text{ GeV}$ A. Nikitenko

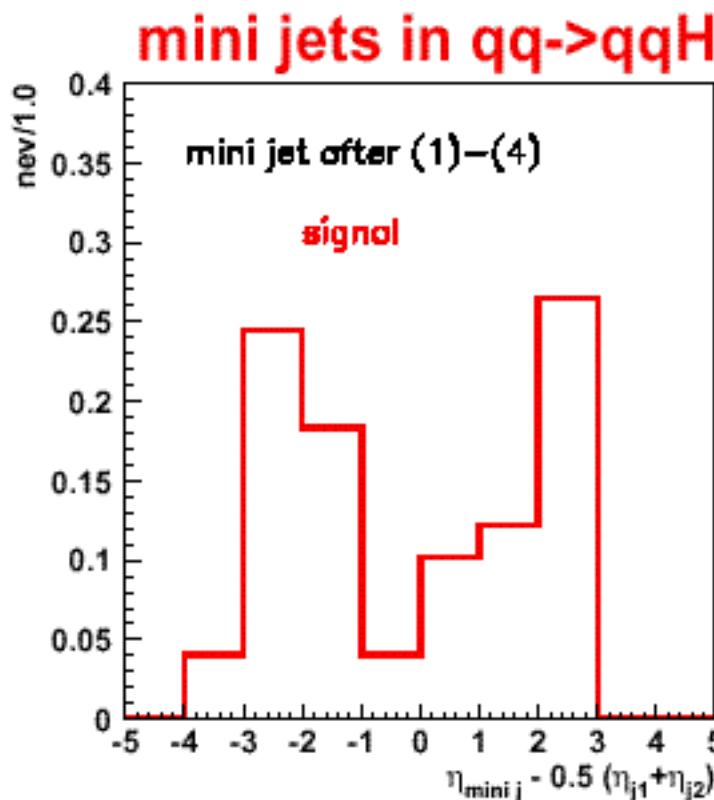


calorimeter missing E_T hopefully will be improved with energy flow method (under initial development in CMS)

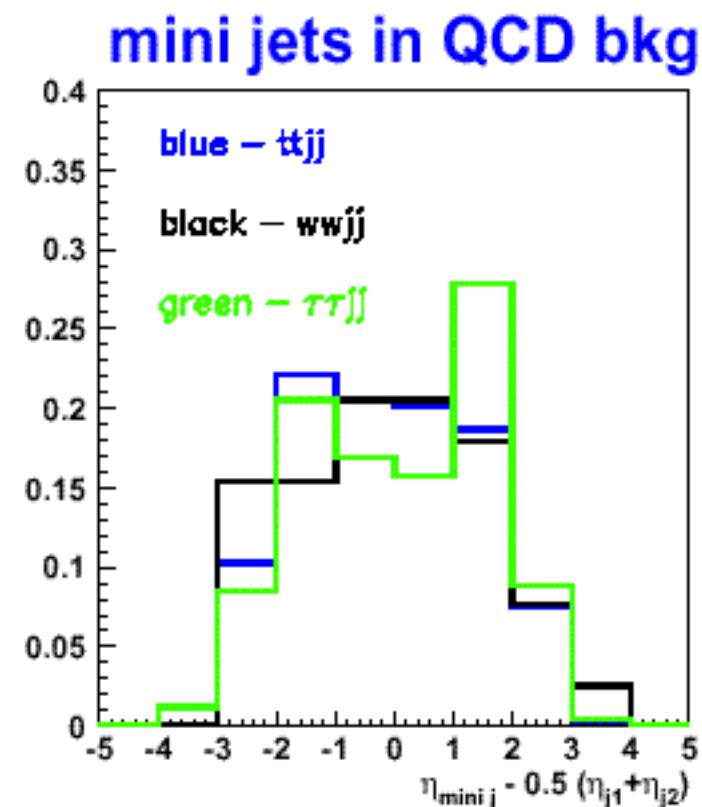
**Mini-jet veto for WBF Higgs selection: no central jets $E_T > 20$ GeV.
idealy, should reduce bkg by factor of 3
with ~ 90 % efficiency for the signal**

η of mini jet with $E_T > 30$ GeV between tag. jets

$$\eta_0 = \eta_j - 0.5 (\eta_{j1} + \eta_{j2})^*$$



**no color exchange between q's :
no central mini jets**

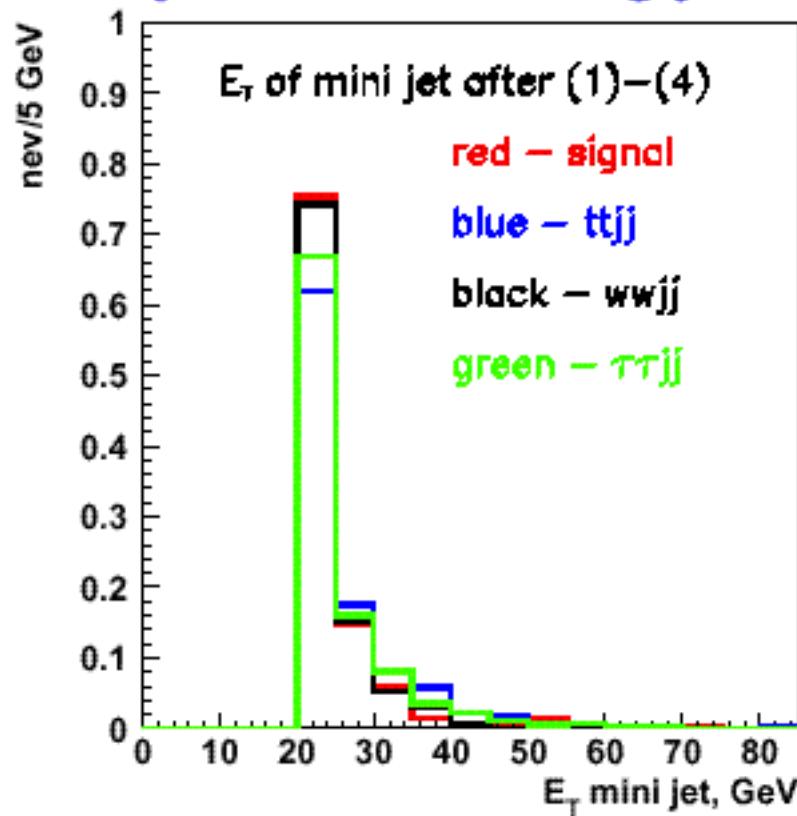


**radiation in the central rapidity
region for QCD backgrounds**

mini-jet veto : problem with “false” soft calo jets $E_T \sim 20$ GeV . . .

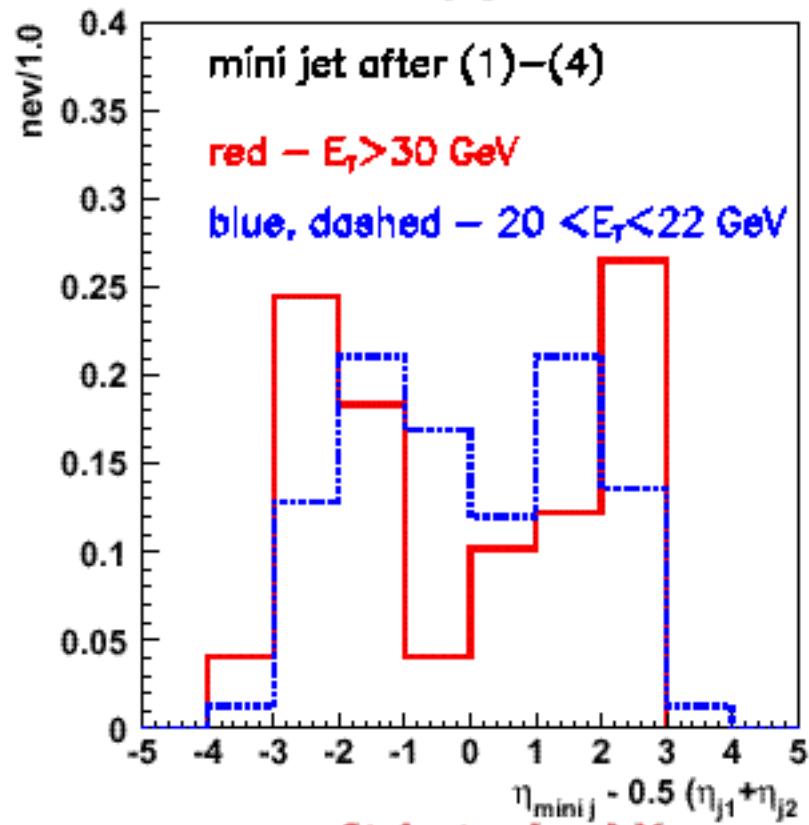
however “false” soft jets may spoil mini jet veto performance . . .

jets between tag.jets



they are very soft

Higgs



very soft jets in Higgs ev.
look like in bkg . . .

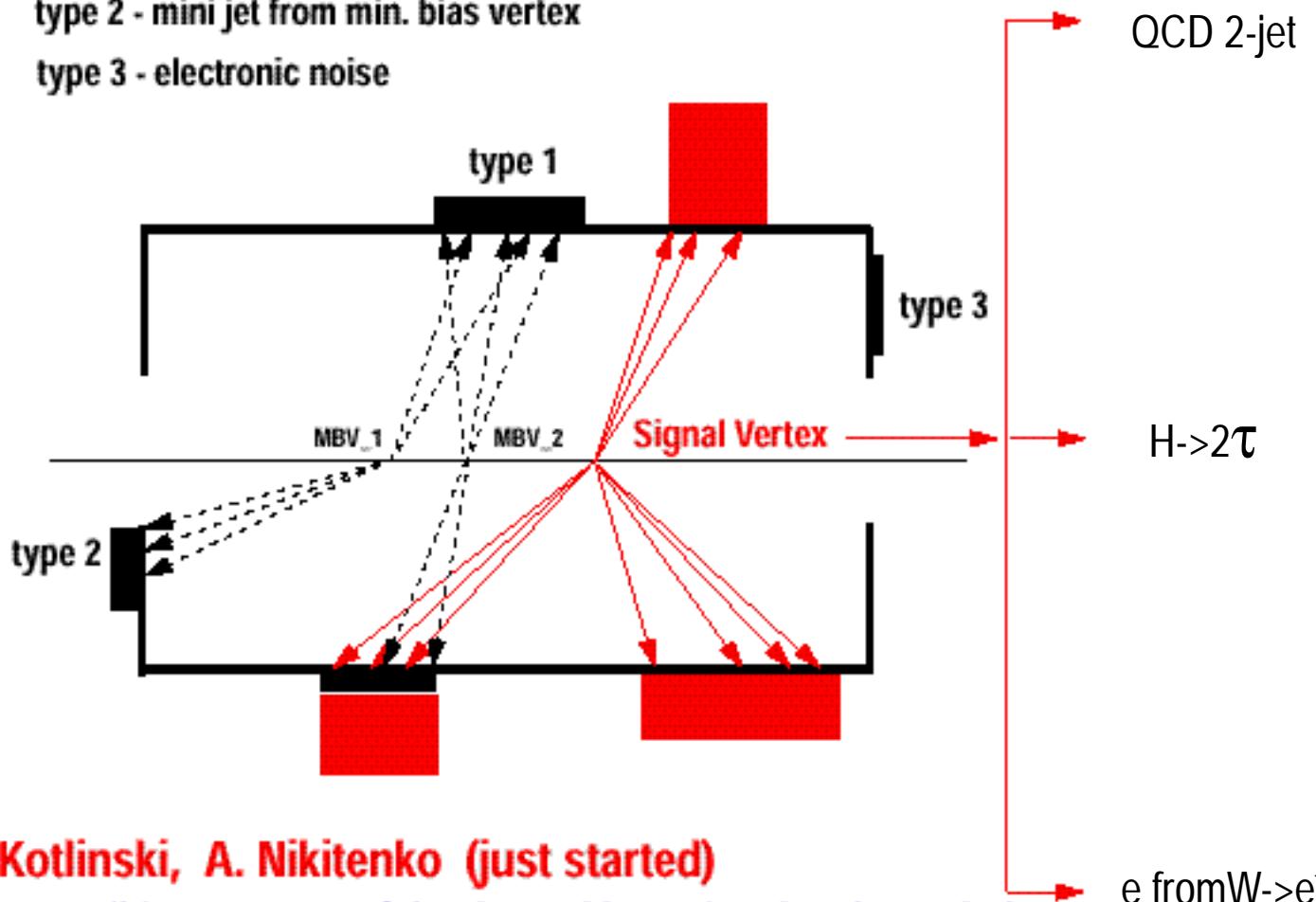
hopefully tracker will help to recognize false jets . . .

Calo false jets due to :

type 1 - overlap from different min.bias vertices

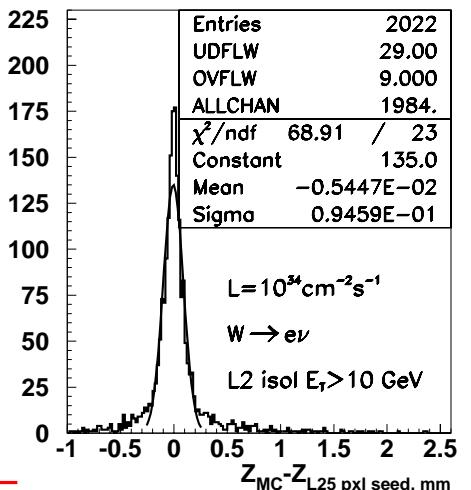
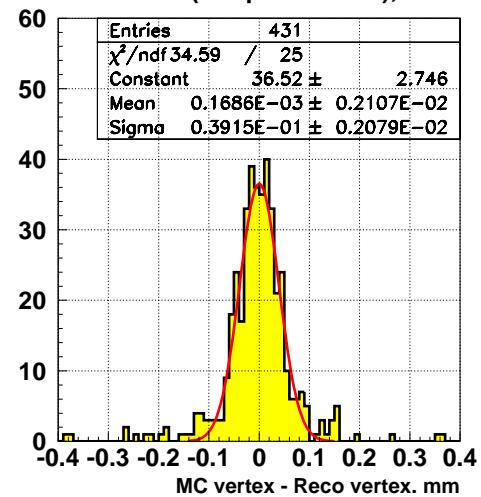
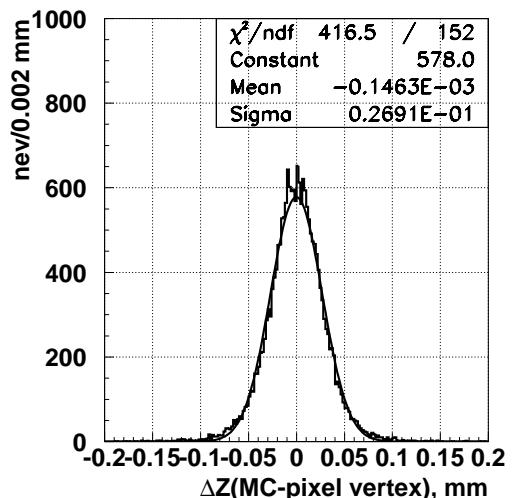
type 2 - mini jet from min. bias vertex

type 3 - electronic noise



D. Kotlinski, A. Nikitenko (just started)

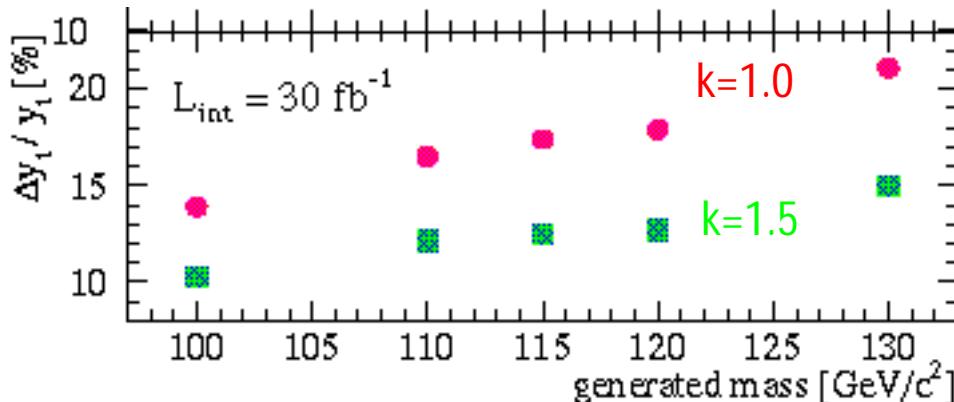
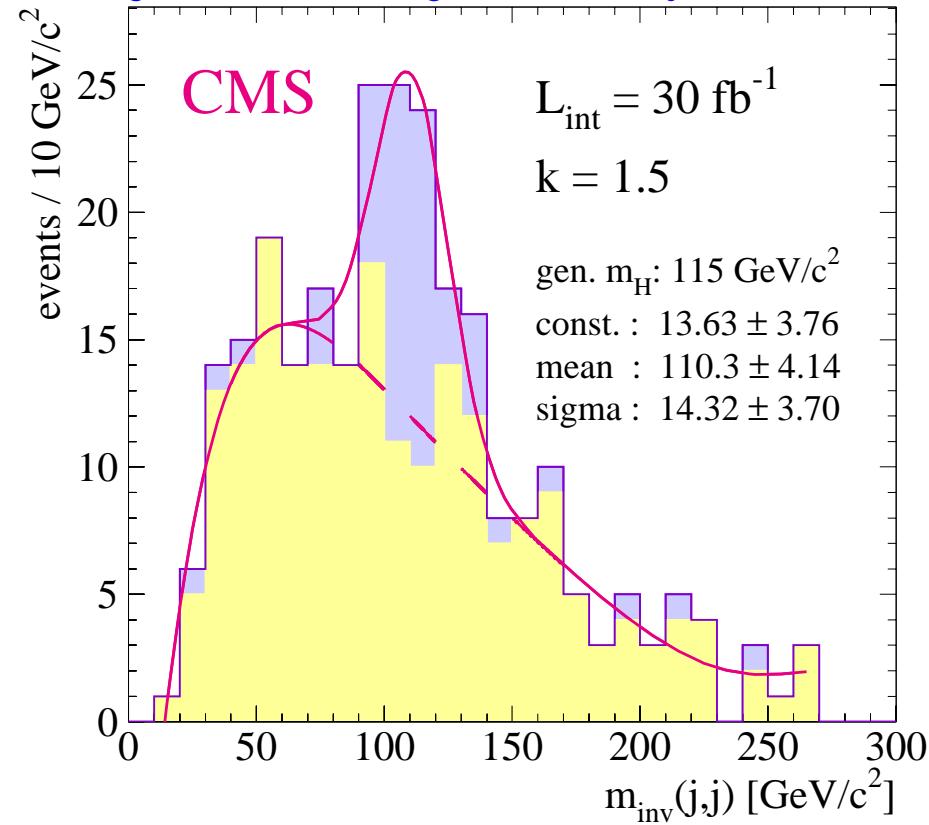
Is it possible to remove false jets with tracker ? False calo jets
should not match with pxi (trk) jets from the signal vertex.



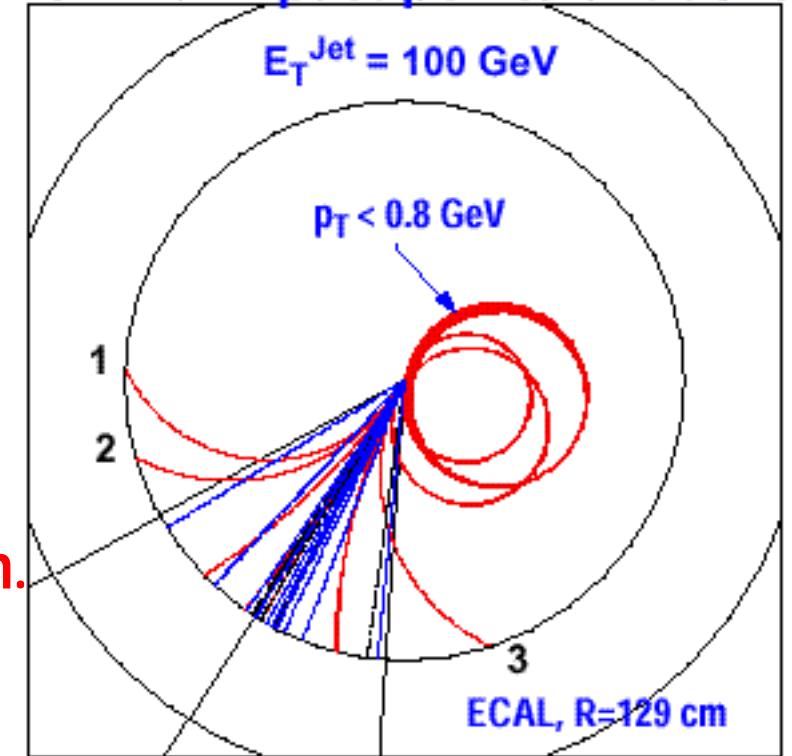
$qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow 2\tau \rightarrow l + \text{jet} \& 2 \text{ leptons}$ will require a lot of work
with full simulation/analysis to prove that it can be observed

Htt Yukawa coupling measurement in gg->ttH, H->bb (if Br(H->bb) is known)

Drollinger, Muller, Denegri 2001. cmsjet simulation

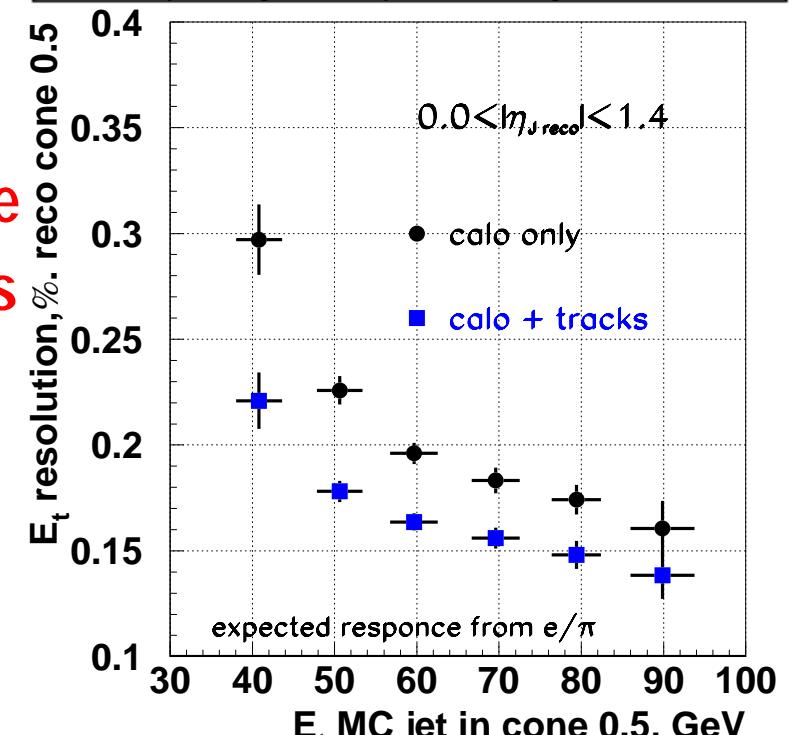


We start to use tracks to improve calo jet energy resolution.



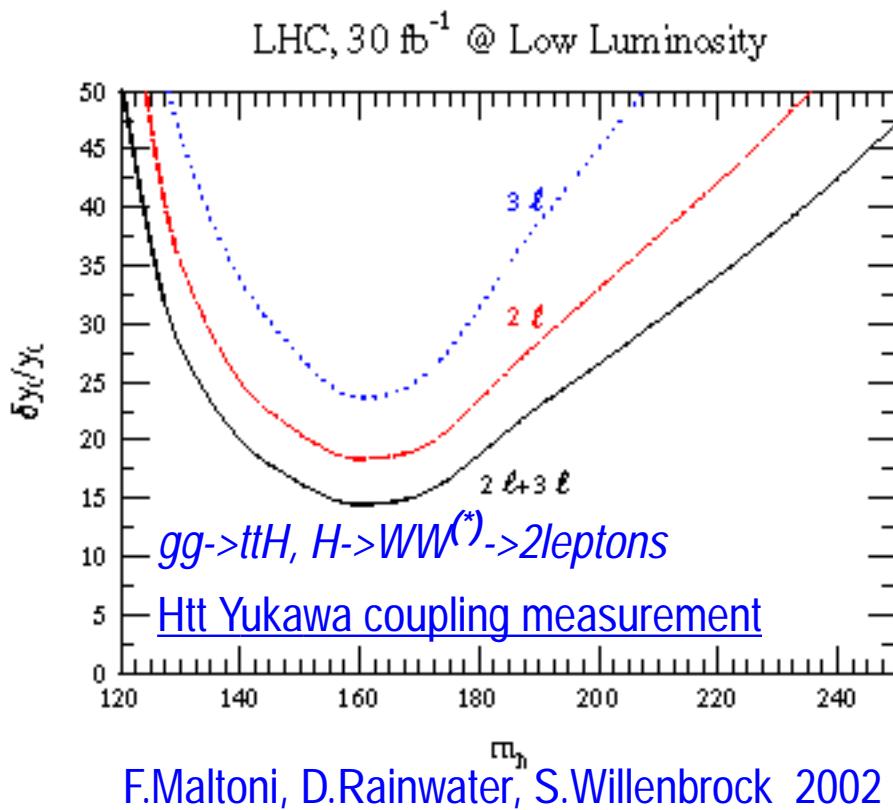
h->bb is the first candidate to try this and improve $\sigma(M_{\text{bb}})$

(2002)



O. Kodolova, I. Vardanyan, A. Nikitenko, G. Bruno, L. Fano

Important parton level simulation studies on Higgs coupling measurements which we should check with CMS detector simulation



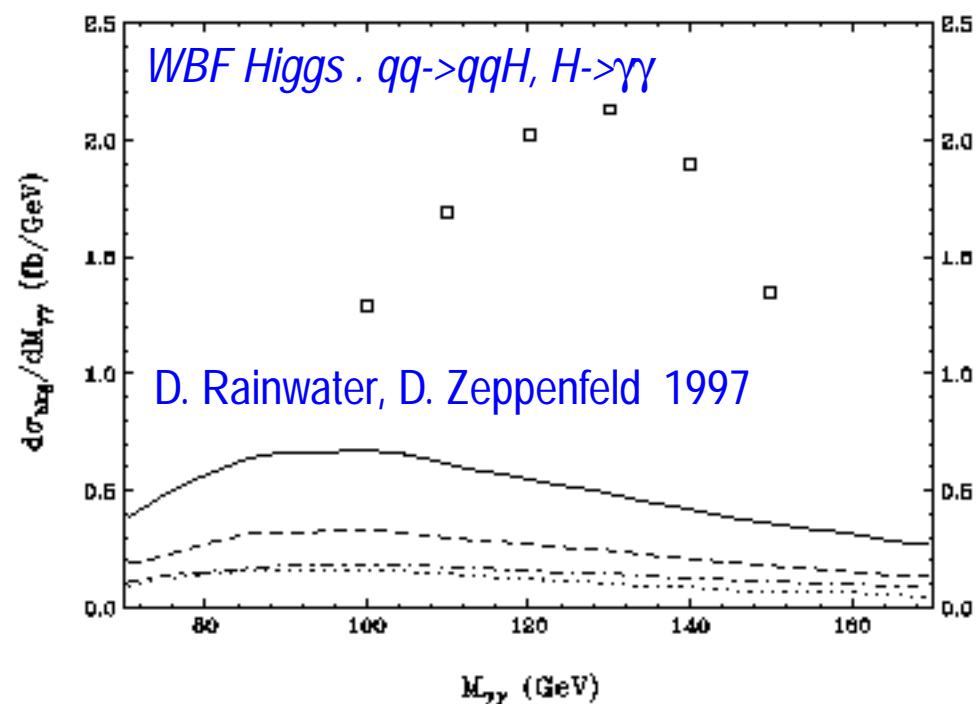
WBF Higgs. $qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow bb$.

De Roeck, Khoze, Martin, Orava, Ryskin IPPP/02/29.

M.L. Mangano, M. Moretti, F. Piccinini, R. Pittau
and A.D. Polosa 2002. for 60 & 600 fb^{-1}

Hbb Yukawa coupling measurement

m_H	115 GeV	120 GeV	140 GeV
(a) $\delta y_{H\bar{b}\bar{b}}/y_{H\bar{b}\bar{b}}$	0.48	0.51	1
	0.16	0.17	0.37
(b) $\delta y_{H\bar{b}\bar{b}}/y_{H\bar{b}\bar{b}}$	0.30	0.30	0.57
	0.10	0.10	0.19

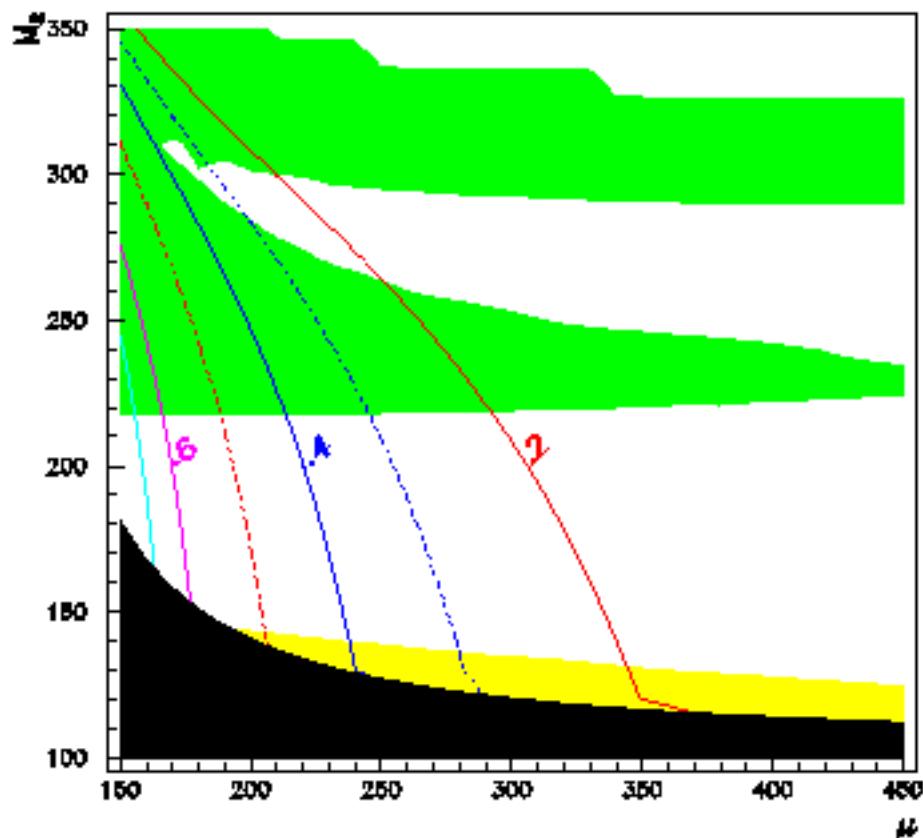


WBF production of Higgs is important in some “pathological” cases when branching ratio of Higgs to invisible final states is large (next slides) . . .

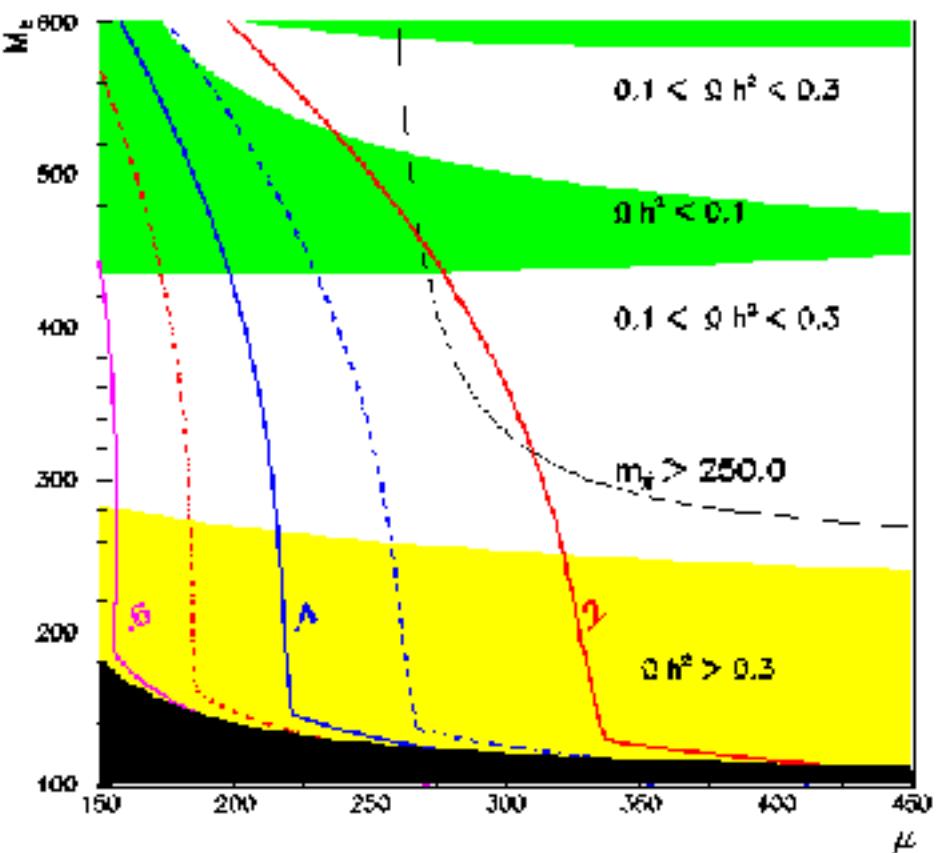
Invisible Higgs in $qq \rightarrow qqH$, $H \rightarrow \chi_1^0 \chi_1^0$ (O.J.P.Eboli & D.Zeppenfeld 2000)

invisible branching ratio can be large in no-universal models

(Belanger, Boudjema, Cottrant, Godbole, Semenov)



$$M_1 / M_2 = 0.1$$



$$M_1 / M_2 = 0.2$$

Figure 10: *Contours of constant $B.R.(h \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = .2,.3,.4,.5,.6,(.65)$ for $r = .1(.2)$ in the right (left) panel, along with the DM as well as LEP constraints on the $M_2 - \mu$ parameter space. The white region is the cosmologically preferred area with $.1 < \Omega h^2 < 0.3$, for $m_0 = 94(100)$ GeV. This corresponds to $\tan \beta = 5$ and $m_h = 125$ GeV. The black region corresponds to the area excluded by the chargino searches at LEP. The lightly (heavily) shaded region corresponds to $\Omega h^2 > 0.3(< 0.1)$.*

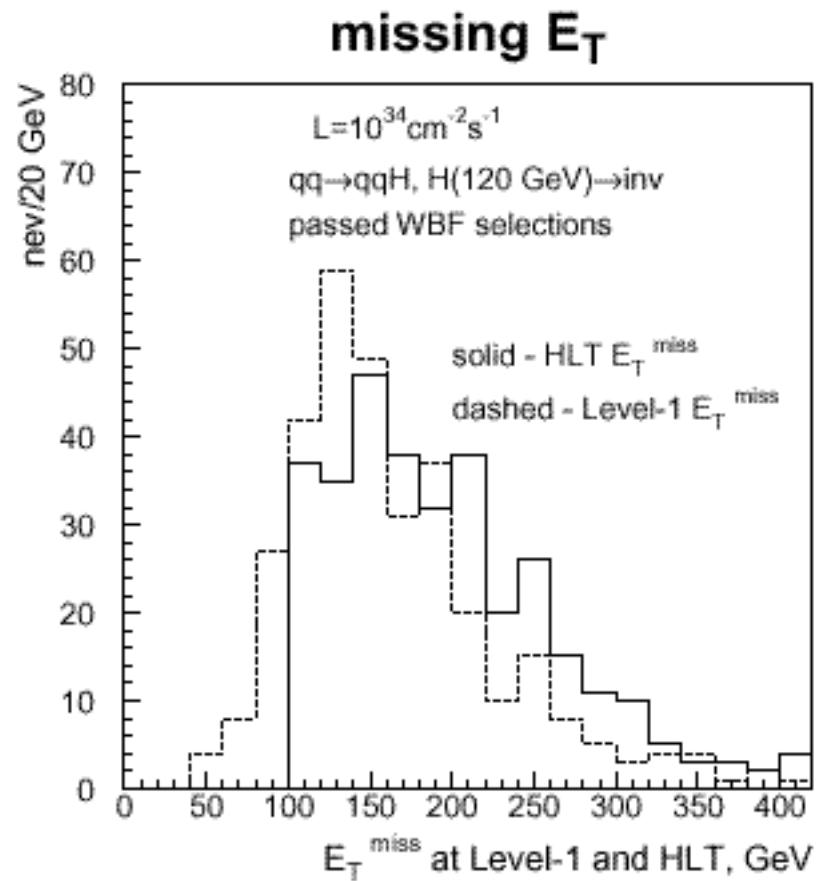
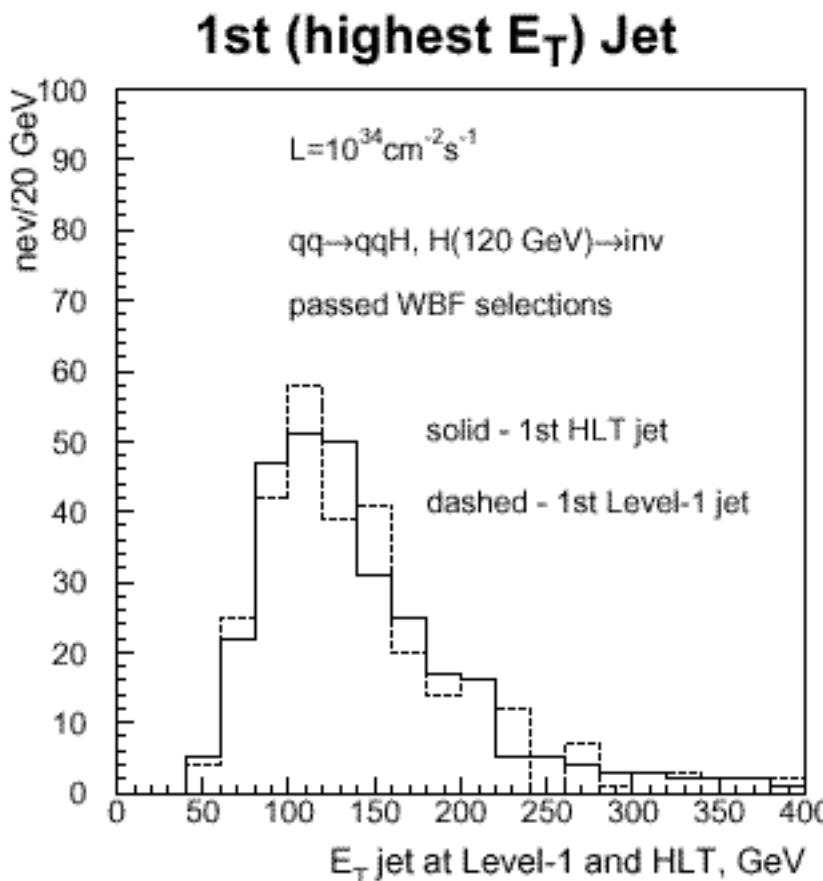
For DAQ TDR the effective Level-1 and High Level Trigger has been developed to trigger on invisible Higgs in $qq \rightarrow qqH$

A. Nikitenko

$qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$: possible strategy at Level-1 (I)

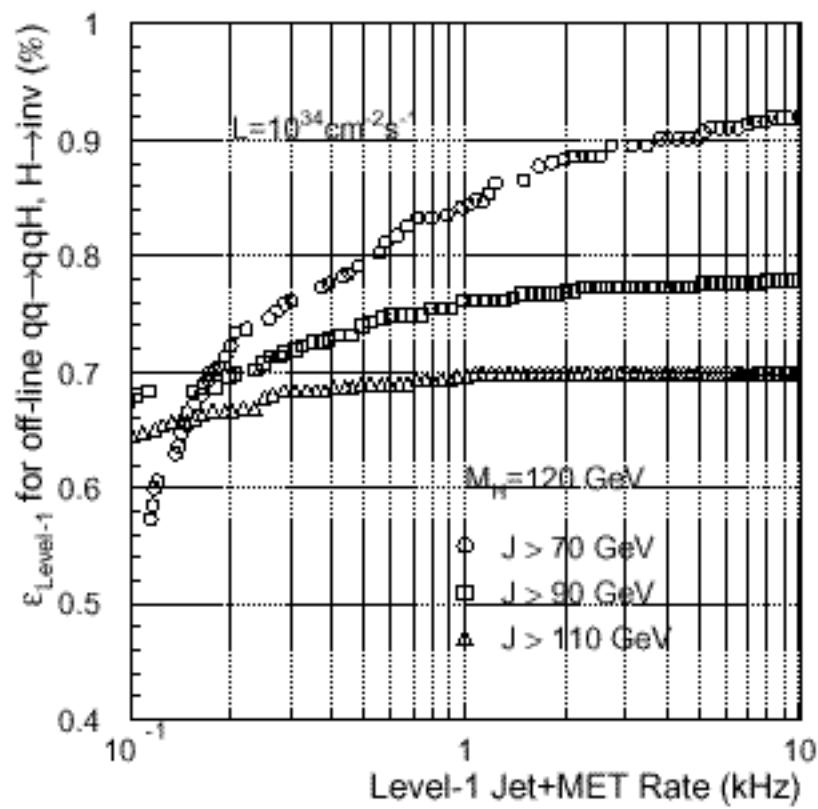
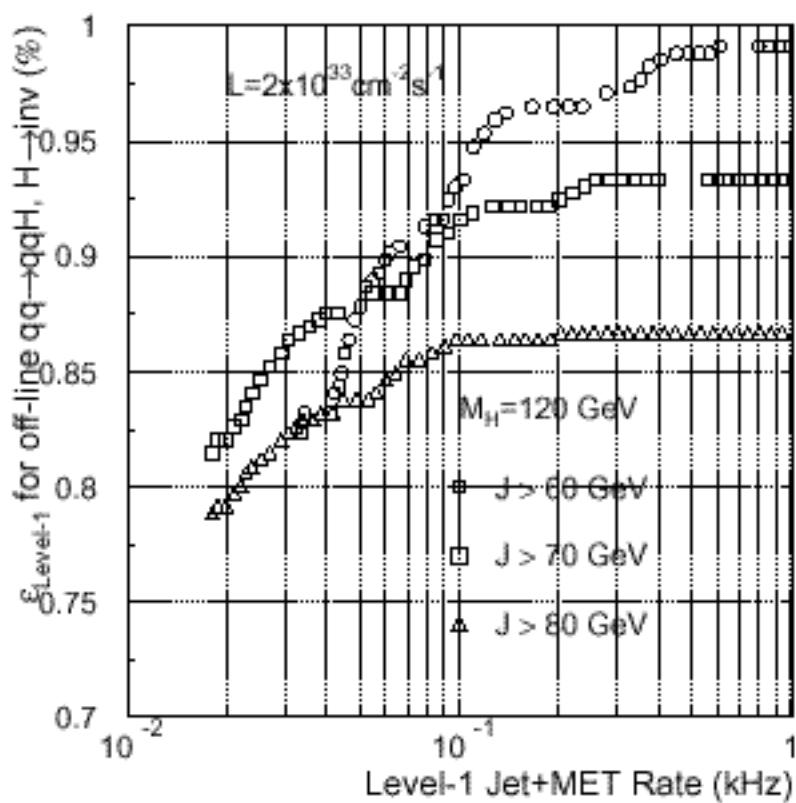
Level-1 Jet + E_T^{miss}

efficiency is defined for Higgs events passed off-line WBF cuts :
 $E_T^J > 40 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta_{j1} - \eta_{j2}| > 4.4$, $\eta_{j1}\eta_{j2} < 0$, $M_{j1j2} > 1200 \text{ GeV}$, $\phi_{j1j2} < 1$, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 100 \text{ GeV}$



qq->qqH, H->invisible : possible strategy at Level-1 (III)

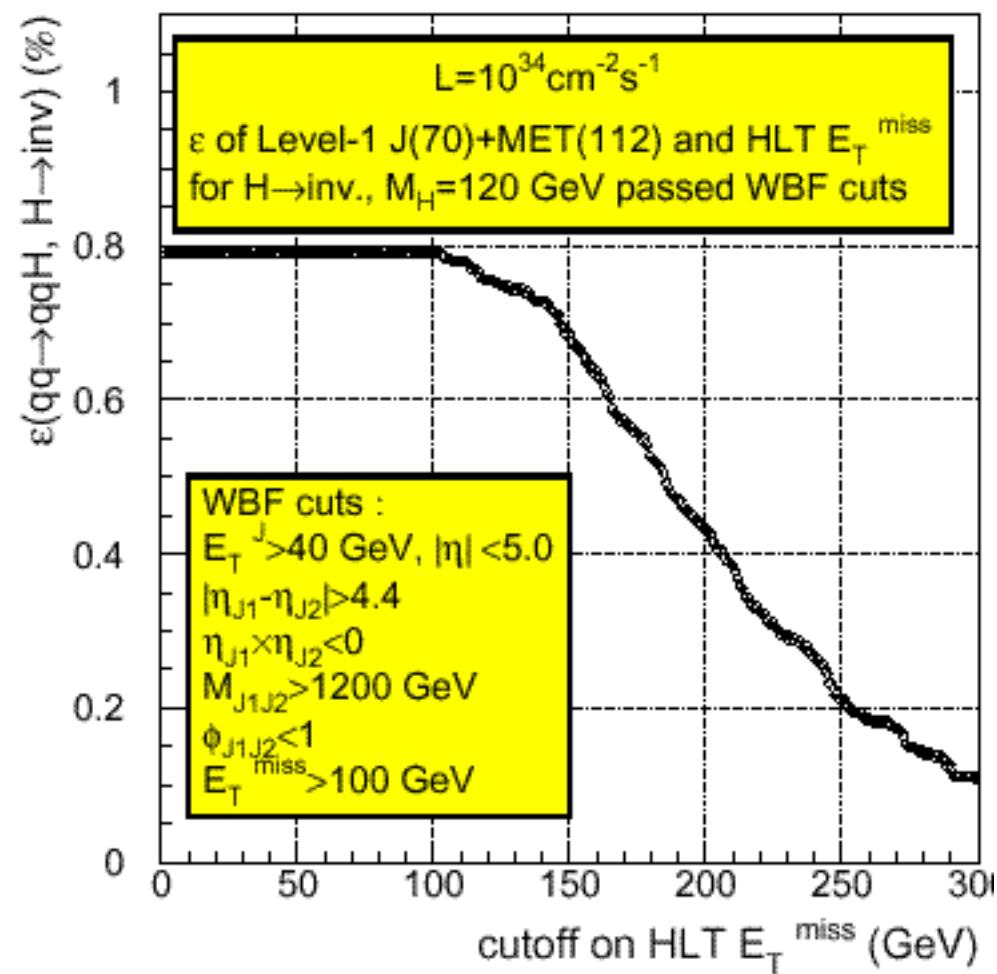
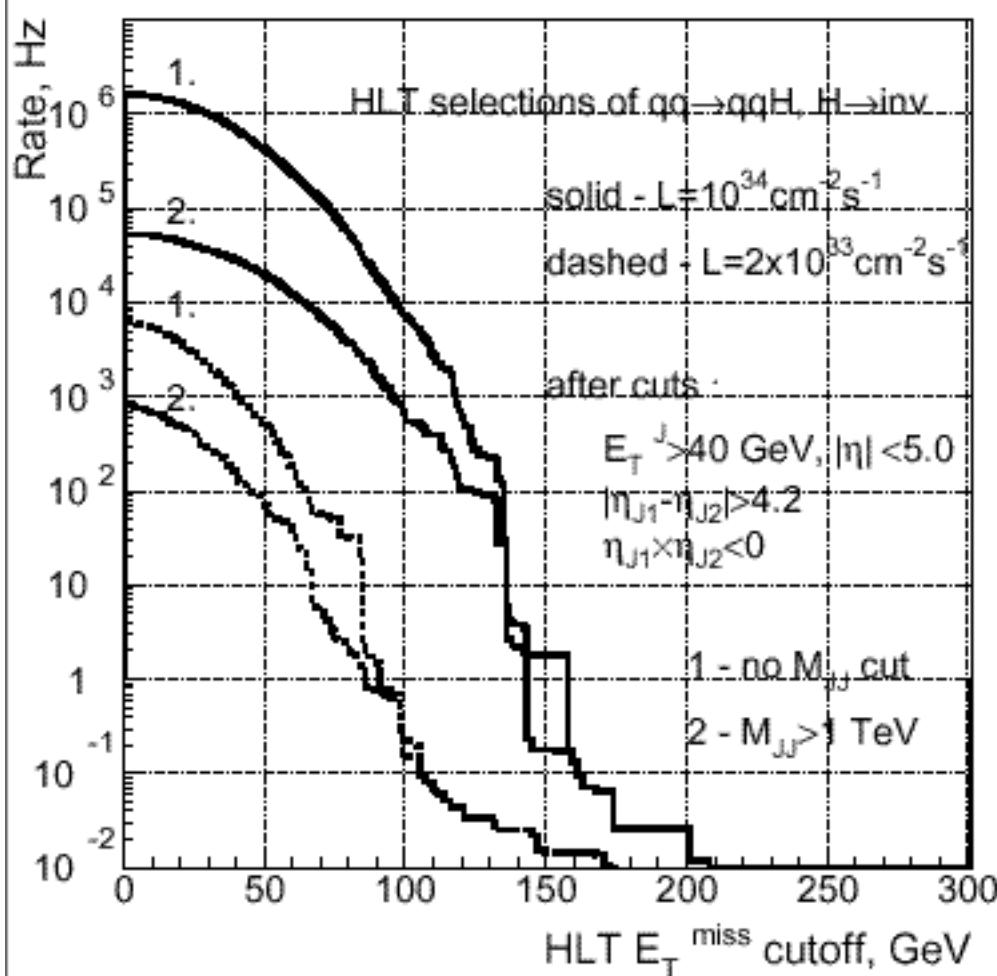
Level-1 Jet + E_T^{miss} optimization: efficiency vs rate



Level-1 Rate of J1+MET, kHz		0.2	0.5	1.0
$L = 2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	L1 J1, MET thresholds, GeV	60, 73	60, 64	60, 56
	L1 efficiency	0.96	0.98	0.99
$L = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	L1 J1, MET thresholds, GeV	70, 122	70, 112	70, 103
	L1 efficiency	0.72	0.79	0.84

qq->qqH, H->invisible : possible strategy at HLT (I)

HLT with loose WBF cuts; optimization of E_T^{miss} cutoff



- ϕ_{J1J2} cut is not desirable for $H \rightarrow \text{inv.}$, since prevents physics background estimates from the data (QCD/EW W/Z bkg)

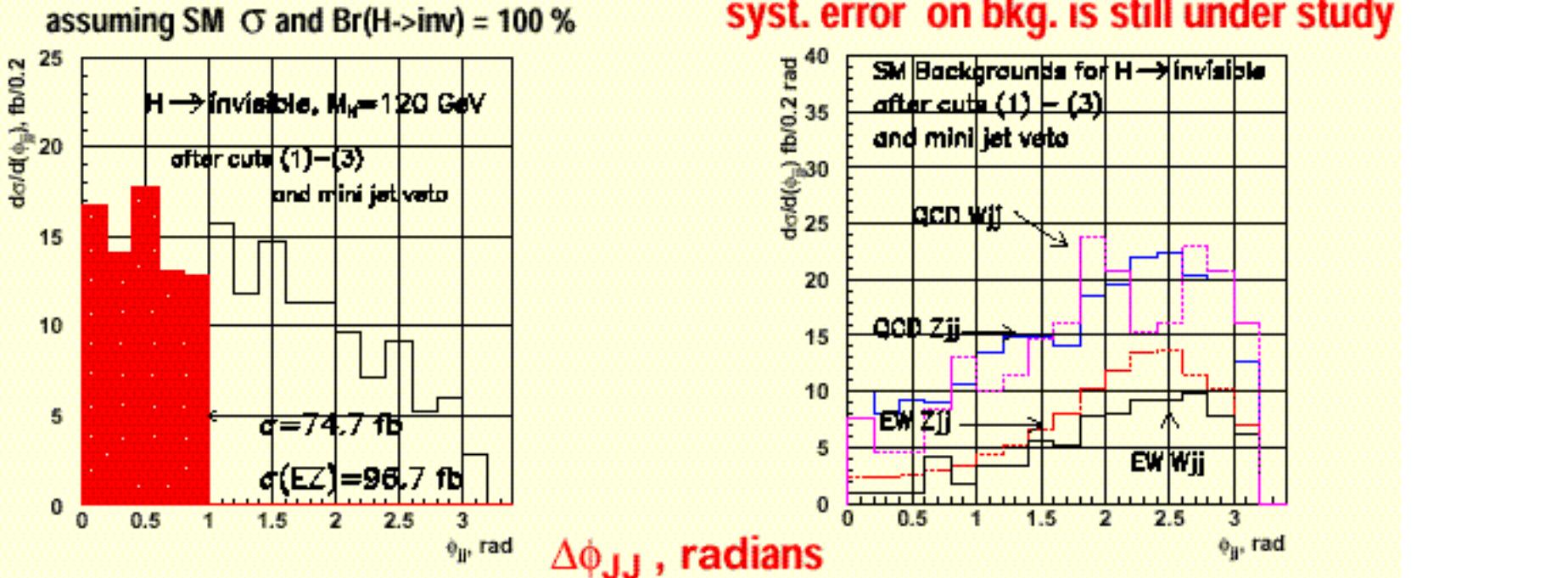
off-line analysis of $qq \rightarrow qqH$, $H \rightarrow \text{inv}$ with full and fast simulation data

(Les Houches Higgs Working Group summary report hep-ph/0203056)

qq -> qqH, H-> invisible ($\chi_0^1 \chi_0^1$) K. Mazumdar, A. Nikitenko

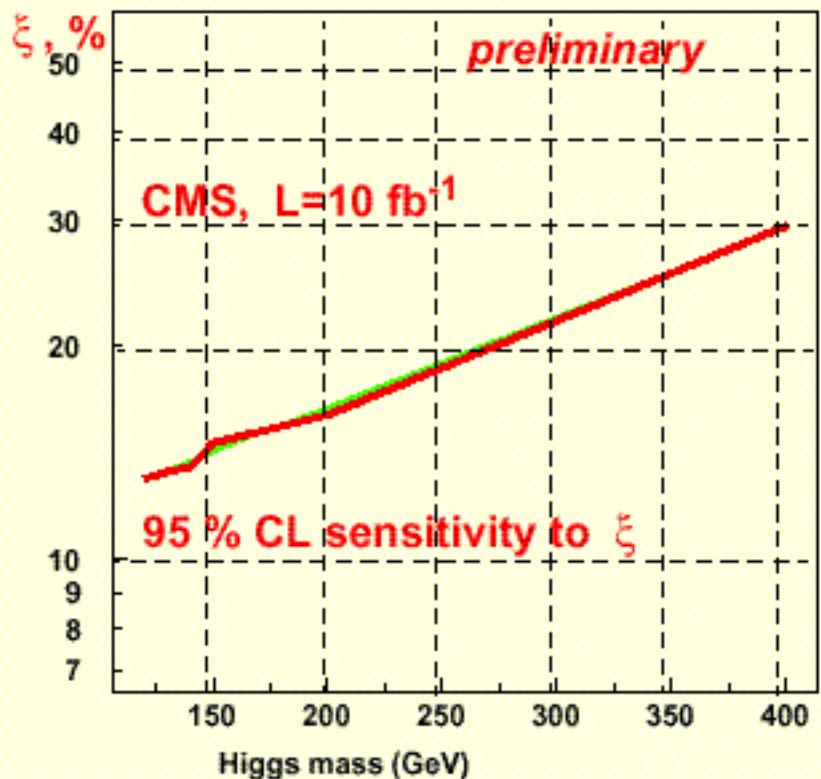
- WBF selections :**
- (1) $E_{T,j1,j2} > 40$ GeV, $|\eta_{j1,j2}| < 5.0$, $|\Delta\eta_{j1,j2}| > 4.4$, $\eta_{j1}\eta_{j2} < 0$
 - (2) $M_{JJ} > 1200$ GeV
 - (3) missing $E_T > 100$ GeV
 - (4) central jet veto & lepton veto

Search for event excess in $\Delta\phi_{JJ} < 1$ rad. Background will be known from data;
syst. error on bkg. is still under study

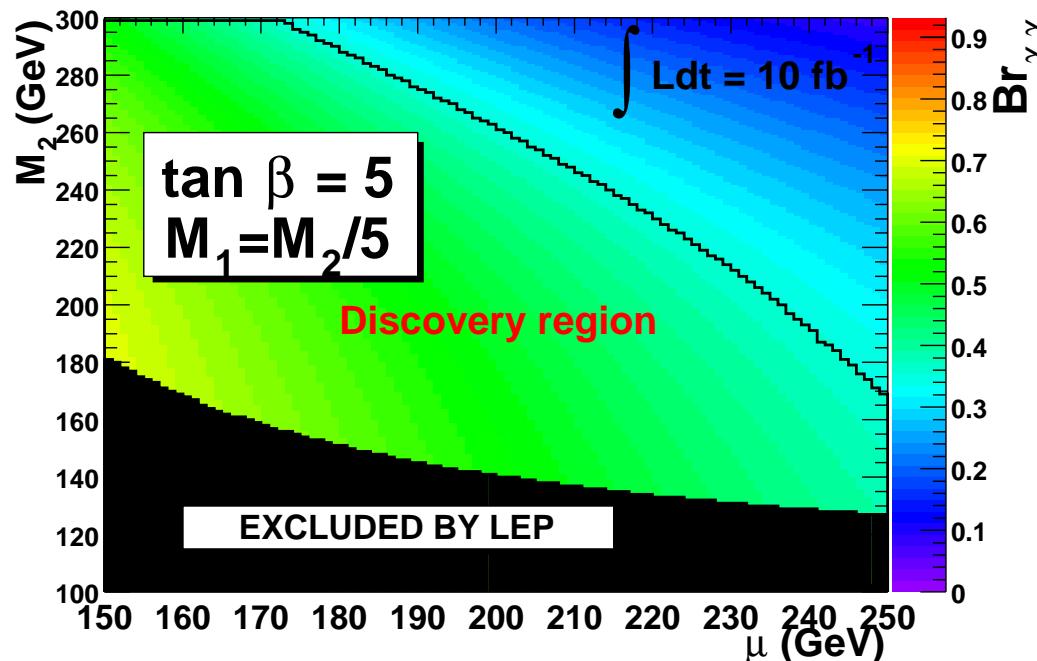


$qq \rightarrow qqH, H \rightarrow \text{invisible} (\chi_0^1 \chi_0^1)$ K. Mazumdar, A. Nikitenko

$\xi = \text{Br}(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) \times \sigma(qq \rightarrow qqH) / \sigma(qq \rightarrow qqH)_{\text{SM}}$



ATLAS : $m_h = 120 \text{ GeV}$
 in decoupling limit : $M_A = 1 \text{ TeV}$, $M_{\text{stop}} = 1 \text{ TeV}$, $A_t = 2.4 \text{ TeV}$



I did not say

I did not say about interesting Higgs studies going on in CMS now :

MSSM A^0/H^0 , $H^+ \rightarrow$ sparticles and Higgs from SUSY cascades

F. Moortgat with Djouadi, Datta, Guchait, Mambrini, S, Moretti

new updates with full simulations on

MSSM $A/H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ *L. Bellucci*

$gg \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\mu$ *V. Ciulli, M. Sani*

current studies on :

$HW \rightarrow$ lept + bb *S. Gennai*

update on WH, ttH \rightarrow lept + 2 γ *O. Ravat, S. Gascon*

$H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow 4b$ *L. Fano*

radion $\rightarrow hh \rightarrow 2\gamma + 2b$ *G. Dewhurst, A. Nikitenko*

THE END

“External” conditions for taus at High Level Trigger

Working points of Level-1 1T or 2T trigger

rate, kHz	luminosity	1T threshold (95 %), GeV	2T threshold (95%), GeV	$\epsilon(H^0 \rightarrow 2\tau)$ $M_H = 200$ GeV	$\epsilon(H^+ \rightarrow \tau\nu)$ $M_H = 200$ GeV
3	low	93 (86)	66 (59)	0.78	0.81
	high	129(124)	85(80)	0.34	0.55
6	low	82(75)	60(53)	0.87	0.84
	high	112(107)	76(71)	0.54	0.72
8	low	78(71)	57(50)	0.90	0.85
	high	106(101)	72(67)	0.62	0.76
9	low	76(69)	56(49)	0.91	0.86
	high	102(97)	72(67)	0.65	0.78

- Level-1 output rate of 1T and 2T triggers : 3 kHz at low lumi
8 kHz at high lumi**
- HLT output rate on tape for taus : 4 (10) Hz at low (high) lumi**
- accepted time at HLT per Level-1 event ~ 500 ms at 1 GHz PIII**

analysis of $qq \rightarrow qqH$, $H \rightarrow 2\tau \rightarrow \text{lepton} + \tau\text{-jet}$ (may skip this slide)

fast cmsjet simulation. tau-id from full simulation

data for $M_H=135$ GeV	H-> $\tau\tau \rightarrow l j$	QCD Z+2j*	EW Z+2j**	W+3j	bb+2j
cross-sect x Br(Z->2 τ /W->l ν)	0.1715	1.044	0.314/0.036	5180	
$p_t^{\tau} > 14$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.4$, MC $p_t^{\tau,j} > 20$ GeV, $ \eta < 2.4$ MC	0.364	0.314	0.283/0.343	0.616	
tracker lep isol + $p_t^{\tau} > 15$ GeV	0.873	0.906	0.939/0.930	0.88	
calo lepton isolation	0.915	0.954	0.939/0.967	0.91	
≥ 3 jets, $E_t > 30$ GeV, $ \eta < 4.5$	0.451	0.363	0.665/0.601	0.04	
τ -jet association(MC)	0.886	0.867	0.769/0.866	0.0019	
$\eta_j \text{ min} + 0.7 < \eta_{l,\tau,j} < \eta_j \text{ max} - 0.7$ $\eta_j \text{ min } \eta_j \text{ max} < 0$	0.587	0.757	0.527/0.559	0.20	
$ \eta_j \text{ max} - \eta_j \text{ min} > 4.4$	0.718	0.867	0.521/0.647	0.48	
$M_{JJ} > 1$ TeV	0.635	0.455	0.708/0.690	0.34	
$m_t(l, p_t^{\text{miss}}) < 30$ GeV	0.764	0.794	0.852/0.759	0.16	
$0 < x_{\text{el}} < 0.75$, $0 < x_{\text{th}} < 1$	0.666	0.623	0.639/0.680	0.37	
M_H window 30 GeV	0.770	0.047	0.026/0.228	0.05	
P _{surv} mini jet veto from D.Z.	0.87	0.28	0.80	0.28	0.28
N event for 30 fb^{-1}	6.7 ± 0.3	0.63 ± 0.10	0.29 / 0.45 0.74 ± 0.08	0.14 ± 0.05	-
D.Z. estimates	6.2		1.1		

*D.Zeppenfeld ME element +pythia , $E_t^{\tau} > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 5.35$, $M_Z > 70$ GeV, $M_{JJ} > 700$ GeV, $|\Delta\eta_{JJ}| > 4.2$, $p_t^{\tau} > 20$ GeV

** EW Z+2J - generated by S.Ilyin with comhep, cteq4m, $E_t^{\tau} > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 5$, $80 < M_Z < 100$ GeV / $M_Z > 100$ GeV, $M_{JJ} > 500$ GeV
eff. of tau-id = 0.32, tau/jet missidentification = 0.0019 , eff lepton reco = 0.90

off-line analysis of $qq \rightarrow qqH$, $H \rightarrow \text{inv}$ with full and fast simulation data

kinematics generation

- QCD and EW production of W jj + Z jj with COMPHEP and ME input from D. Zeppenfeld with loose cuts :

$$p_{Tj1,j2} > 20 \text{ GeV}, |\eta_{j1,j2}| < 5.0, |\Delta\eta_{j1,j2}| > 4.2, \eta_{j1}\eta_{j2} < 0$$

QCD W+jj	QCD Z+jj	EW W+jj	EW Z+jj
76.0 pb	15.7 pb	4.7 pb	0.64 pb

$Br(Z \rightarrow VV)$ and $Br(W \rightarrow l V)$ is included

processed with fast detector simulation

- QCD bkg for missing E_T study. $\sim 1M$ of events in p_T bins from:

10-15 GeV ($\sigma = 8.87e+12$ fb) to
2600-3000 GeV ($\sigma=11.25$ fb)

fully simulated (cmsim) and reconstructed (orca) events

- Higgs of 120 GeV. ($\sigma_{\text{prod}}=4.3$ pb) *fully simulated events*